McKean County Miner.

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McKean County Miner

I. RODGERS, Proprietor.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Mail via R., N. Y. & P. (Hammond Branch) arrives at U. D. p. m. and closes at 9:00 a. m. Mail via R., N. Y. & P. arrives at 10:45 a. m. and 3:30 p. m., and leaves at 6:50 a. m. and 3:30 p. m.

Clermont & Colegrove Mail leaves at 12:15 p. m. and arrives at 3:30 p. m.

Custer Mail arrives every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 p. m., and departs at 7:30 a. m. same days.

Mails close 30 minutes before leaving time.

Money Orders will not be issued or Letters Registered between 12 m. and 1:00 p. m.

Office open every Sunday for delivery of mail from 12 m. to 1 p. m.

CLARK WILSON, P. M.

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.

McKEAN LODGE, No. 268, F. & A. M., meets on the second and fourth Wednesday of each month, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.

F. K. FOSTER, W. M.

C. M. SMITH, Sec'y.

A. O. U. W.

Smethport Lodge, No. 125, meets every second, fourth and last Tuesday evening of each month in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Eccles Block.

O. LYMAN, M. W.

SHERMAN GORTON, Recorder.

E. A. U.

Meets on first and third Wednesday evenings of each month.

L. ROGERS, President.

W. H. KNOWLES, Secretary.

G. A. R.

Post 247, G. A. R., meets every Thursday evening, at 7:30 o'clock, in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Eccles Block.

H. M. CHASE, Com.

I. ROGERS, Adjutant.

W. R. C.

Meets every Thursday afternoon at A. O. U. W. Hall, Smethport Block.

MRS. HARRIET MORRISON, Pres.

MRS. ELLA SIMMONS, Sec'y.

K. O. C. T. M.

Meets every Monday evening at 7:30 in Eccles Block.

I. S. KEYSTONE, Com.

M. E. CHASE, K. R. S.

W. C. T. U.

Meets every Thursday afternoon at A. O. U. W. Hall, Smethport Block.

MRS. HARRIET MORRISON, Pres.

MRS. ELLA SIMMONS, Sec'y.

K. O. C. P.

Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock in Eccles Hall.

A. E. CORY, N. G.

A. T. STRAMBAUGH, Sec'y.

K. O. T. M.

Meets every Monday evening at 7:30 in Eccles Block.

I. S. KEYSTONE, Com.

M. E. CHASE, K. R. S.

W. C. T. U.

Meets every Friday evening, at 7:30, in Temperance Headquarters.

MRS. A. SCOTT, Pres.

MRS. M. E. STORRS, Sec'y.

Y. W. C. T. U.

Meets every Friday evening, at 7:30, in Temperance Headquarters.

Miss W. P. BURDICK, Pres.

Miss LYDIA BURLINGAME, Sec'y.

Knights of St. Marks and the Iron Cross.

Meetings in Eccles Hall on first and third Wednesdays in the months at 7 p. m.

DOUGLAS WALKER, K. C.

FRED GALLUP, Scribe.

Rev. J. H. MCCARTHEE, Warden.

Smethport Encampment, No. 273, I. O. O. F.

Meets the First and Third Wednesdays of each month in Eccles Hall.

J. A. MORRISON, Chief Patriarch.

E. M. CHAMBERLIN, Scribe.

Church Directory.

Methodist.—T. W. CRAMBLETT, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. every Sunday. Sabbath School immediately after morning services. Class meeting at 9:15 a. m. Sunday. Prayer Meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7 o'clock. Class meetings on Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. Preacher's meetings Friday evenings at 7 o'clock. Class meetings on Saturday evenings at 7 o'clock.

Episcopal.—Rev. Wm. STORRS, pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. every Sunday. Sabbath School immediately after morning services. Weekly lecture every Wednesday evening at 7. Covenant meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7 o'clock. Holy Communion the first Sunday in every month immediately before the first Sunday in every month. Lord's Supper every two months. All are welcome.

Episcopal.—J. SUMNER MOCARTHEE, Rector. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sacramental services on 1st, 2d, 3d and 5th Sundays of each month. Church school at 9:30 a. m.

St. Peter's Memorial Chapel—East Smethport. Rev. J. SUMNER MOCARTHEE, Rector. Services every Sunday at 3 p. m. Sacramental service every Sunday at 2 p. m. Sunday School 9:30 a. m. The Ladies' Guild meets every Friday at 3:30 p. m.

St. Elizabeth Catholic Church.—J. J. GALLAGHER, pastor. Mass at 10 a. m. Service at 3:30 p. m. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Services on each Thursday Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

Congregational Church.—J. G. HAMM, pastor. Preaching every Sunday morning at 10:30; Sabbath school at 12:00 m. m.; preaching every Sunday evening at 7 o'clock, and class meeting at close of evening service. Prayer meeting Thursday evenings.

Universal Church.—J. G. HAMM, pastor. Preaching at 3:00 p. m.; class meeting after services. Sunday school at 1:30 p. m.

MASONS' SUPPLIES!

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Plastering Hair, Tile of all kinds, Fire and Chay Brick, kept constantly on hand and for sale by

A. REILLY,

SMETHPORT, PA.

March 15, 1889—ly.

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ALFRED STURDVIENT

Would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally that he has moved his barber shop into his recently finished and commodious new Marble Front building next door to W. D. Hopkins' store, Main street, where he is prepared to do

SHAVING AND HAIRDRESSING

In the latest styles of the art. Rooms best finished and most convenient employed.

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Dealer in

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

Which I am prepared to sell very cheap for Cash.

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MAIN STREET, - - SMETHPORT, PA

v33n39.

T. H. PURTLE,

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CARRIAGE AND WAGON WORKS,

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Repairing in all its branches promptly done. By the aid of competent workmen, I am able to turn out first-class work at moderate prices.

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Professional Cards.

Attorneys.

JOHN N. APPLE, Notary Public. J. W. BOUTON.

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ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. Office: Pomphrey Hall, Bradford, Pa.

Geo. A. Berry.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Rooms 2 and 3, Berry & Melvin Block, Bradford, Pa.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC. Office in Eccles Block, Main street, Smethport, Pa.

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J. K. Wallace.

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ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Corner Main and Pine Sts. Bradford, Pa.

James C. Boyce,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND COUNSELOR IN PATENT CAUSES. Office: Room 2, Corbett's & Webster Sts. Bradford, McKean Co., Pa.

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S. I. Wells, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, office at the Drug Store of H. C. Wells, Smethport, Pa.

H. L. McCoy,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, office in E. D. McCoy's drug store, Main street, Smethport Pa.

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Dr. Burg Chadwick,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Prompt attention given to calls day or night. Office: One door east of W. T. Callar's drug store. v33n39tf.

C. M. COLEGROVE,

County and Practical Surveyor!

Smethport, Penn'a.

July 12, 87y1.

HOTELS.

WRIGHT HOUSE

Main Street, Smethport, Penn'a. E. F. Wright, Proprietor.

This Hotel is recently built, and is furnished with all the conveniences of a first-class hotel. A well stocked and well kept Bar connected with the house. First-class in every respect. Rates reasonable.

Grand Central Hotel,

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This hotel has recently been renovated and refurnished. The table and bar constantly supplied with the best the market affords. First-class in every respect. Rates reasonable.

COLEMAN HOUSE,

ELDRED, PA.,

Opposite the R., N. Y. & P. Railroad Depot.

On the European Plan.

Newly painted and refurnished. First-class Restaurant in connection with the House. Terms reasonable.

Dec. 17, 1886.

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Remodelled and refurnished, and one of the best hotels in McKean County.

THE FLEMING HOTEL,

TWO DOORS NORTH OF BANK,

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This Hotel has been recently built and is newly furnished throughout in the latest style. Has first-class accommodations for the travelling public.

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Special attention to given to cutting Ladies' hair in all the leading styles. Ladies can feel perfectly safe in calling at my shop, as the strictest order is maintained.

Hair Tonic and Dandruff Cure for sale.

Shop three doors east of Chamberlain House, Smethport, Pa. v33n39tf

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We are now settled in our new store and are prepared to furnish the people of this vicinity and county with

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Friends and patrons are invited to

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SPECHT & SASSE,

Main St., Smethport, Pa.

A HAVEN OF GOLD

By FRANCES SELOUS.

women green with envy.

Letitia Dollers was sufficiently delighted at the receipt of her invitation to be very amenable to all Lady Charlotte's plans, and at her suggestion drove to Bond street in her ladyship's dainty victoria, the maintenance of which was a marvel to the few who suspected the real state of her exchequer. After a long and solemn consultation with Mr. Crump, Jr., whose taste was said to be the guiding star of the firm, Miss Dollers gave an order for costumes for the Ascot week on so lavish a scale that Lady Charlotte felt quite sure of dresses on her own account for the rest of the season.

Miss Dollers was residing at the Metropole hotel, and was very anxious to make Lady Charlotte known to a compatriot staying in the same hotel, Mr. Josiah Washington Potts, quondam pork exporter in the far west, now millionaire gentleman, doing Europe, and bent on the purchase of a country seat in England, old furniture, a pedigree, aristocratic wife, and, if possible, a baronetage. Of the likelihood of his obtaining this last he was sometimes doubtful, of the others absolutely sure.

A small banquet was inaugurated in the American's dining room on the ground floor of the Metropole, at which Lady Charlotte consented to be present, and also consented to send out invitations to a few of her own friends, as Mr. Josiah Washington Potts was not richly dowered with acquaintance in London and was anxious to get into the very best society—"the corner lot," he called it. As this was a convenient manner of paying debts in the shape of dinners owing to people whom she did not much care about, Lady Charlotte was able to gather together a dozen or so wealthy, well dressed people. Not her best friends, not the cream de la creme, but a few of those people who prostrated themselves at her feet in their endeavor to secure at their parties the presence of a fashionable beauty, who was known to have been admired by H. R. H.

Lady Charlotte and the friends came and feasted at the American's expense, flattered him upon the elegance of the dinner and looked askance at Letitia Dollers—that American thing in whom they saw so little to admire, and whose portraits they were sick of seeing in all the West End shops. All agreed in wondering why Lady Charlotte had taken her up, and some even declared that they knew as a fact that Miss Dollers had paid her a large sum down to introduce her to his friends. None guessed the truth. There are wheels within wheels in the best society.

Letitia Dollers was a great success at Ascot, and Lady Charlotte was fain to rejoice over her arrangement with Mr. Crump. Her own mushroom colored gown was described in all the papers. Lured by the double magnet of Lady Charlotte Craddock and the more novel attraction of the beauty whom the knowing ones declared that H. R. H. had discovered at Cannes, and thus created, covered at Cannes, and thus created, and of whom the same knowing ones asserted that H. R. H. had avowed that he would rather have discovered her than the whole continent of America, the choicest sprigs of nobility and the great ones of the land hovered about Lord Addlepayte's drag. Young Lord Callow's team of blacks and exquisitely matched grooms passed unnoticed, and the reigning beauty of last year bit the dips of her Suede gloves in anger and despair at the sight of the fickle crowd with field glasses leveled and forefingers pointed at the new beauty of the season.

Feasted at the American's expense.

Before the last days of June Mr. Washington Potts had bought from its noble and impoverished owner the Tudor mansion and park known as Remimshall Abbey, Bucks. Here, in the early days of July, Mr. Potts intended to inaugurate his career as a lord of the soil. He had put the abbey into the hands of a West End upholsterer, who had renovated whatever it was possible to renovate in the furniture, and had fitted up the Tudor building with electric light, and had done all that lay in his power to modernize and hotelify the venerable edifice. A most superior brigade of smart maid servants, lofty footmen and an affable archangel of a butler, engaged by the house agent, amply furnished forth the servants' hall and housekeeper's room. Prancing bays, blacks and roans filled the stabling for eight horses; and half a dozen carriages, newly designed, and built on the latest lines, and emblazoned with the crest of Potts, a griffin rampant, which Mr. Potts had recently discovered at the College of Heraldry that he was entitled to bear for the sum of eighty guineas, filled the coach houses. The Mayflower, a spick and span steam launch, was moored in a boat house built on a backwater of the Thames, down to whose flowery banks stretched the lands of Remimshall Abbey. The griffin ramped on massive services of silver, glass, table linen and cutlery. Wherever a crest could be placed a grif. appeared. From the chimneys and gutterspouts, over which griffins hovered, to the ground glass windows of the area, to the griffin engraved, the new made Washington Potts crest was obtrusively conspicuous.

This lordly pleasure dome and all its appendages Mr. Washington Potts had bought for himself, but before he could enjoy himself in it he required to see it filled with an elegant and well dressed mob. To obtain this end Josiah consulted Lady Charlotte Craddock. He went to call upon her one morning toward the end of June, and found her wan to the end of June, and found her wan to the end of June, and found her pale and exhausted. She had not yet recovered from an alarming interview with an Irish jobmaster, who had supplied her with the pretty boys that drove her half brougham and victoria, and who now threatened summonses and county courts, and—most terrible of all—threatened to send a man to take away the boys then and there unless Lady Charlotte paid him the trifling sum of £400, due by her to him for horse hire. Lady Charlotte promised to send a check on account by the end of the week, and rehearsed the pas mat of equivocal people who live on credit, but Mr. Buck, of Buck & Jibb, jobmasters and horse dealers, Oxford street, W., was not so easily pacified. "You let me 'ave a check for two hundred on account before I close my office at 5 o'clock this afternoon, and I'll leave my 'osses in your stable; you don't, and I'll send my man for them boys, and even if they are in the Row I'll 'ave the harness took off and leave the carriage there. When I says a thing I means it, and I mean that," and Mr. Buck had departed, leaving Lady Charlotte to face the full awfulness of the demand. A balance of £70 at her banker's and £200 to be paid before nightfall! It was horrid. For a few moments Lady Charlotte gave herself up to despair, but at the end of half an hour she had formed a desperate resolution. At first she had almost entertained the idea of failing to pay and letting the horses be taken, but the recollections of Hurlingham, where she had an engagement that very afternoon, the Row, and the thousand and one occasions when horses and a carriage are absolutely indispensable, made that impossible. No, Lady Charlotte would go to a money lender. She knew they were disreputable, and knew that they would cheat her; but she must trust in providence or her own wits to save her from possible worry in the future, and she must provide for the immediate Now.

Lady Charlotte put on her eldest tailor gown and drove in a hansom to the office of a member of the tribe of Levi, whose shining brass door plate announced him to be a solicitor, but whose name and appearance suggested usury. After a great amount of discussion and explanation Mr. Abraham Levi stated that he had no ready money on hand and was himself, indeed, not a money lender, but would act in that capacity on behalf of a friend who had some few hundreds to invest. When Lady Charlotte left his office Mr. Levi had undertaken to send a trustworthy clerk with notes for £200 to her house at 3 o'clock, the earliest hour by which the obliging friend could be communicated with, and his client had signed an agreement to pay monthly instalments of £100, with interest added, until the debt should be paid off, the first payment to be made one month from the day of the signing of the agreement. The Hebrew solicitor, who only asked a moderate commission for his assistance, drew up an agreement so shrouded in technicalities that Lady Charlotte read and signed it in utter unconsciousness of the fact that she was undertaking to pay 180 per cent. for the accommodation.

Lady Charlotte sent notes for £200 to Messrs. Buck & Jibb and reserved £100 for her personal use, trusting that she could ward off all large payments until the end of the season at least.

Wearied with the unusual business of the morning Lady Charlotte leaned back in a low saddlebag lounge seat and gently fanned herself as she greeted Mr. Josiah Washington Potts.

"I hear you have bought the Remimshall estate?"

"Yes, I guess I am boss of Remimshall Abbey and park. I've fixed it up and it's all comfortable now. There's a tower at one end, supposed to date from Stephen; well, I've had an elevator fitted there; electric light, electric indicators, complete telephonic communication. In fact you wouldn't know the old hole again; and now I want your ladyship to come down and stay a few weeks, or as long as you like, and to ask a party. I've asked all the people that you brought to my dinner; but they won't half fill the place; and I want to have relays of company, one batch after another, on the roads about your regular swells in the society papers. They are a sort of catechism for us self made man and show us the way we should go if we want to be fashionable."

"Just so. But surely, my dear Mr. Potts, you have friends of your own! A man of your wealth must have made lots of friends!" answered Lady Charlotte languidly, not taking the trouble to appear interested.

"Oh, of course I've made friends among speculators and that, but they aren't what I want to know. I want the A1 brand, as we used to say in the west, and I know you can bring them. I've bought a tiepeh, and the coach that I have ordered will be down in a week; there shall be illuminations, water parties, a ball, anything you like. You just give the word of command, and I'll see that it's done."

"It is very flattering of you to ask me, of course, but you must allow me to consider the matter. I am feeling rather exhausted now, so I regret that I cannot ask you to luncheon, but call again in a few days' time and I will let you know. Good-by, dear Mr. Potts."

Lady Charlotte did not at first intend to accede to the American's request that she should invite her friends to his house, but a certain unanimity among her tradespeople in sending in their bills with urgent reminders during these last few days of the season, together with the threatening tones of some who declined to take any further orders until they received a settlement in full, made her decide to go to Remimshall.

"Anything would be better," she thought, "than staying here to be pestered with their letters. I can't pay them and they must know that I can't! What do they want? They can't put me in prison, I suppose, or half the nobility would be in prison. Directly I get my dividends I shall give these harpies something on account. I am sure they can't expect me to do more. I would go to the continent, only one can't travel on credit. I suppose I had better oblige Mr. Potts." Lady Charlotte pronounced the honorable name of Potts as she might have swallowed a tonic.

So Lady Charlotte invited a large party of friends and acquaintances to meet her at Remimshall, first explaining the strange circumstances of a wealthy man, owner of a beautiful country seat and eager to fill his house with people, and yet not possessing friends enough to occupy half the spare bedrooms.

Lady Charlotte's set jeered at Mr. Washington Potts, spoke of the absurdity of the thing, and with few exceptions accepted his invitations. There were rumors of a pastoral play to be performed in the open air, and as respect for the salt is an eastern fad and not a European fact the guests arrived on bemused amusing themselves and on being entertained, and determined to ignore all obligation to their entertainer.

Given the disposition to make merry and the wherewithal to do so, and the results are likely to be satisfactory. There were exceptions by water organized with the greatest skill and precision by Mr. Potts. He was once overheard to say in disclaiming a compliment upon the subject that a man who had personally superintended the shipping of 10,000 hogs ought to be equal to shipping a 200 hogs ought to be equal to shipping a few dozen swells. There were garden parties and tennis parties, dances and charades, and all Mr. Washington Potts' guests declared that Remimshall Abbey was a delightful place to stay at. But they were apt to quiet moments, when the master of the house was absent, to gather into little groups and discuss his peculiarities.

"The creature is so candidly vulgar," said one.

"I wonder why Lady Charlotte took for him; she seems quite to have taken him up. He isn't in her set, I know—in fact, I don't think he is in any set at all. Do you think she means to marry him for his money?"

"I should hardly think so. They say he was a pork butcher in America. Then there was Lady Charlotte's affair in India, don't you know."

"Do you think that means anything? There always are affairs in India, don't you know, when young women go out with their husbands. So much scandal and backbiting and so little else to do, they are obliged to take refuge in flirtation." And the conversation drifted away from Lady Charlotte and her intentions.

At Mr. Washington Potts' request Lady Charlotte had undertaken the entire arrangement of the outdoor play, which was to be as near perfection as it was possible for a play upon whose production neither expense nor trouble, but only genius, was spared. Lady Charlotte found most irksome the task of arranging the al fresco performance. The unsatisfactory state of her own affairs made life wearisome, and the effort of joining in conversation and appearing or endeavoring to appear amused and interested soon became intolerable. The morning's post had become a thing to be dreaded and to be awaited in fear and trembling through a sleepless night. There was a sickening unanimity about her creditors. Then Crump, whom she had looked upon as her slave from the moment she had introduced Miss Dollers, had discovered that the crewhile run-after beauty was a Yankee adventuress, a New York milliner's assistant who had paid for her passage and return passage with her savings, and had arrived in England with only a few pounds and the kudos resulting from distinguished admiration to support her. For a few months she had been, in her own words, a big boom and had lived on credit. This credit exhausted, she left the shores of Britain to indulge on the other side of the pond in many a hearty laugh at the guileless Britishers who had blindly mistaken her uncultured vulgarity for American wit.

Mad with rage when his gigantic bill was returned to him from Miss Dollers' address at the Metropole, bearing the legend in red ink, "Left; address not known," the senior partner in Crump & Crushit wrote to Lady Charlotte Craddock to inform her ladyship that as he had lost considerably by her introduction of Miss Dollers ("as though I had wished to introduce the minx!" thought Lady Charlotte indignantly) he felt that he had a right to expect that her ladyship would help him to meet that loss by paying for the dresses that he had then in preparation. He had charged as little as possible and inclosed an account for the two dresses for the theatrical performance. Ordinarily the price asked would be eighty guineas. He would only charge seventy, and he expected a check immediately. The costumes would be sent by a special messenger, to whom Lady Charlotte might intrust the check, as he would receive orders not to leave the Abbey without payment. This letter, in conjunction with her utter inability to comply with its demands, increased those sensations that made life and the preparations for the play a burden almost too great to bear.

As of late years charity has proved a very convenient social stepping stone, Lady Charlotte suggested to Mr. Washington Potts that charity should be made the raison d'etre of the performance. A ritualistic vicar of a neighboring parish was soon found and easily persuaded that the cause of Ritualism required that its little tumble down and moss grown church, with its ancient square tower lop sided and sinking sideways into the soil, the moldering horse box pews should be replaced by open Gothic benches, that the damp and woolly toned harmonium should retire in favor of an American organ. In fact, that the whole of the interior of the parish church of Sleepston, which had begun life as a Roman Catholic chapel, which had been whitewashed under Cromwell, and generally uglified by succeeding generations of Low Church vicars, should now be beautified and transformed into a temple of Ritualism.

There was to be no vulgar reclame, no one was to canvass the charity. A short paragraph in one of the best papers only would make it known that there was to be an open air performance for the purpose of raising money for a local charity, that fauteuils would be three guineas, that a family ticket to admit three would be five guineas, that a special train would leave Paddington, and that two or three dozen of the more distinguished spectators would be entertained at luncheon by the master of Remimshall Abbey.

Lady Charlotte had the disposal of the tickets, and within a few days of the announcement of the performance the greater number of seats had been taken. The charge was so high people who thought ten shillings and sixpence dear for a stall at the Lyceum, felt sure the performance, although amateur, must be really worth seeing, and people not in society rushed at the bait, and a very few in society and a few on the immediate outskirts received complimentary tickets and were invited to the luncheon.

A play of the Elizabethan era was unearthed and clothed in chaste modern garb by a penniless and aristocratic younger son, who affected long hair, weird garments and a literary turn of mind, and made a little money and a great repute in his own family by contributing paragraphs to weekly papers, and who annually wrote a very weak and mystic novel, devoured by a circle of readers with an appetite for anything written by an honorable, baronet, or lady of title.

At the last rehearsals the play went smoothly, inasmuch as all the actors knew their parts. When the last rehearsal was over Lady Charlotte left the dramatic persons with a weary sigh. She walked rapidly through the hall, and seeing all of the rooms occupied, fled to a small room of studious aspect, fitted up with a collection of such solid and up with a collection of such solid and classic literature as made Mr. Washington Potts shudder. This, of a more private nature than the rest of the sitting rooms, had been placed exclusively at Lady Charlotte's disposal as the most distinguished guests. Like all Yankees, Mr. Potts rejoiced in a pair of pistols manufactured with all the latest improvements in deadliness. These were kept on his library table in a case, which in itself was a thing of beauty. Lady Charlotte sat down near the table, and drew the case towards her. She thought of her difficulties, of her endless struggles with inadequacy and of the taste for luxury, which she felt to be her ruling passion, and for the things which only wealth can purchase, and without which she felt that for her life would always be unendurable, and she opened the inlaid case and took out one of the glittering weapons. "Perhaps, after all, this would be the most honorable finale; but I haven't the courage, I am too great a coward." Lady Charlotte put back the pistol and pushed the case away.

"No, I have not sufficient courage to do it." And then came the voice of the tempter, suggesting a temporary escape from her difficulties. The money for the charity; there it was in her jewel case. The entertainment was in her patronage, and all the takings had been paid over and all the takings had been paid over to her. There was £120 in notes and gold in her room; easy to appropriate and tell the astute Mr. Potts that the cost of the production had swamped the takings. In the triumph of success he would be only too glad to give a check to the tune, and would say no more about it. But then he might divine the truth, and he was so vulgar; it would be so dreadful to be under an obligation to a man who out-Yankeed even the conventional Yankee of comic drama.

Expectation was on tiptoe on the morrow. All the dramatis personæ were people of more or less renown, demi-celebrities, quasi literary men, pretty wives of celebrated artists, etc., etc. And all were anxious to distinguish themselves before an audience that had paid so much for their seats that they meant to be critical.

Early in the morning Lady Charlotte's dresses arrived from Messrs. Crump & Crushit, and her maid came to inform her that there was a gentleman from Messrs. Crump's, who said that his orders were that he was to see Lady Charlotte before he left.

After a lengthy parley with the Bond street tailor's minion, who refused to leave the house unpaid, Lady Charlotte was fain to do that from the thought of which she had shrunk yesterday. She took £70 from the charity money and paid and dismissed the tailor. Armed with the stamped receipt, she returned to the sunny sitting room adjoining her bed room. Through the window she could see the preparations in progress for the play. It was a sunny, cloudless day in July. All nature looked glad; presently Lady Charlotte must be looking glad and happy.

"What fools we women of fashion are! Why can't I live on a few hundreds a year and be happy? But I can't, I can't. I should literally pine anywhere except in a house in Mayfair during the season. I don't set so much store as many ladies do on dress, but I never could be happy in a dress made by a second rate tailor. I despise myself for accepting hospitality from this vulgar American, but my own folly, my extravagance, has made it necessary. I wonder if there are any people coming to see this play who feel as wretched as I do." Lady Charlotte went into her dressing room and looked searchingly at her reflection in the glass; she wondered if in unguarded moments she ever looked as wretched as she felt. She smiled at the reflection and moved her lips in a polite murmur, "Yes, I can still look happy, though I can't feel it. And that money I have taken to pay that wretched tailor! I suppose I must sell the few remaining diamonds that I possess and refund it. Every one will know how miserably poor I am then. It will be dreadful to wear no rings except a wedding ring and a guard like a lodging house keeper."

In the midst of her reflections the smart and tight waisted young person who waited on her knocked at the door.

"I won't dress now, Howden, I shan't come down to breakfast," Lady Charlotte said as the maid entered. "Bring me a cup of tea, and you can say I am studying my part."

She would certainly need all her energy to play her social part from luncheon to midnight, as well as the dramatic role, so Lady Charlotte had resolved to husband her powers.

"I beg your pardon, your ladyship, but there's another young man down stairs says he must see you, and, if you please, here is his card."

The maid gave her a thin, badly printed card, suggesting the Crystal palace or Brighton pier advertisements of "Ladies' and gents' visiting cards, 50 while you wait, one shilling."

Lady Charlotte read: "Mr. Isaac Hart," and under the name was written in pencil: "From Mr. Abraham Levi."

"Tell him I am engaged and cannot see him, but will write and make an appointment."

"He says he won't stir until he has seen your ladyship."

"You can show him into the study; I will see him there." Lady Charlotte tied the ribbons of her embroidered morning gown angrily. "These people will drive me mad," she muttered, "and it is my own doing. That is the dreadful part of it."

Lady Charlotte Craddock looked very firm and resolute as she opened the door of the study. Mr. Isaac Hart stood by the window; a remarkably curly brimmed hat perched sideways on his oily, raven ringlets; a large diamond ring garnished the little finger of a hand not conspicuous for cleanliness; the brilliant pink scarf round his throat was fastened through a large jeweled brooch in front; the tout ensemble, indeed, was not engaging. He turned round without taking off his hat, and with insolent familiarity greeted Lady Charlotte.

"Good morning, Lady Charlotte. Fine grounds, these of Potts'."

"I have no time to waste, Mr."—Lady Charlotte read the name on the card before throwing it into a waste paper basket—"Hart; please give me any message your employer may have intrusted to you."

"My employer, as you call him, gave me this little bill, which fell due the day before yesterday, and as your ladyship did not condescend to answer his little note, or to let 'my employer' know when you was a-going to pay him the monthly installment as is due, why I've come on my employer's behalf to collect that sum."

"You may tell Mr. Levi that I am quite unable to pay at present, he must wait if he ever hopes to receive payment in full. He can make me bankrupt if he likes, and then he will get nothing; but as the interest he charges is rather more usurious than even the worst of his tribe's, I don't suppose he will care to see the exact amount in print. I am sorry I cannot pay this month, but it will be more to Mr. Levi's interest to leave me in peace."

"Mr. Levi can judge for himself what is to his own interest, and he says he must have the money as is owing to him. So if your ladyship really don't want to waste time was had better just hand over the money and take this here stamped acknowledgment."

Lady Charlotte had taken a seat near the table, and, as yesterday, had drawn the ornamental inlaid pistol case towards her. She took out one of the weapons gingerly and carefully, as one unacquainted with the mysterious ways of firearms; she sat for a few moments with the pistol in her hand, the muzzle towards herself, and looked at it absently without speaking.

The Israelite soon showed signs of impatience.

"I think as you said you don't want to waste no time, Lady Charlotte. I don't neither. Are you going to give me that money?"

"No; it is not in my power to do so. You may tell Mr. Levi that when I can pay I will."

"But Mr. Levi told me to stay here until you did pay."

"Your staying here would do no good to Mr. Levi. If he will accept payment when convenient, all well and good; if not, the bankruptcy court is open to me. Your remaining here is an impertinence which will do Mr. Levi no good, and if I complain to Mr. Potts of your intrusion his servants will turn you out. You will be so good, therefore, as to leave the house at once."

"I don't leave the house without the money. Your ladyship must have lots of swell friends here who would lend you the money. Surely you know of some one who would settle this little business for you."

"I know of no one," said Lady Charlotte with a weary air. She looked at the pistol turned towards her breast. Perhaps it was loaded! Surely if it were it would be better just to raise it to her temples and with one little jerk end this miserable sordid struggle, this endless vexation about money, money, money! She hated the word. If only she had been rich in her own right! She had never been wicked or done anything really wrong, and yet life was rapidly becoming living torture, and all because of the miserable lack of money. Ah! what had she done that she should be made so miserable?

"I think your ladyship must know a friend who could help you in this little difficulty," the oily, nasal accents of the Israelite broke in upon Lady Charlotte's meditations. "I have heard it said that it's well beknown who really is the boss of Remimshall Abbey. Don't you think as Mr. Potts would settle this little matter? I have heard it said as there's more than friendship betwixt"——

There was something so revoltingly insolent in the man's look and manner that his meaning flashed across Lady Charlotte's mind long ere the effect of his mere words could have done. Her face, which had been pale before, grew paler; she leapt out of her seat, pointed the revolver full at the man, and before she could fully realize the situation, she felt her hand violently jerked upwards, there was a flash, smoke, a report and a dull thud as Mr. Isaac Hart fell to the ground.

There was a flash, smoke, a report.

Only for a moment did Lady Charlotte lose her presence of mind. The pistol dropped from her hand, she felt sick and giddy, but a gentle gust of summer air blowing in through the lace curtains revived her. She looked down at the man lying on the floor face upwards. "Good God! I have committed murder!" she cried, and rushed to the door and locked it. Then she knelt beside the man and fanned him with some papers from the table, but there was no sign of life. Looking round, she caught sight of some roses in a valuable crackle jar on the mantelshelf; she threw the roses out and poured some water over the forehead and behind the ears, as she remembered people had done to her when she fainted. Presently the man stirred ever so slightly and opened his eyes. "Thank heaven!" she thought, "he is alive at least. If he dies I have committed murder, but there shall be as little esclandre as possible." Lady Charlotte unlocked the door and locked it again on the outside, and ran until she reached the hall. There she met a footman carrying a breakfast tray.

"Where is your master?" she said, endeavoring to conceal her agitation, though she feared the loud beating of her heart must betray her.

"He is in his room, my lady."

"Then show me the way to his room at once. Put your tray down anywhere. I must go to him at once."

The footman stared at Lady Charlotte in speechless surprise.

"My master never sees any one except his secretary before he comes down to breakfast, my lady."

"Never mind, I must see him at once," Lady Charlotte could with difficulty preserve her composure. That man in the study might be dying while she was parleying with the footman. She took a slender gold bracelet from her wrist. "There, you may have that to give to your young woman; and now show me the way at once. I am in a great hurry."

The man put down his tray and bounded up stairs. Lady Charlotte ran after him. The footman stopped and pointed to a door hung with heavy folds of drapery.

"That is the sitting room Mr. Potts uses, and his dressing room opens out of it. He may be in either."

Lady Charlotte drew aside the curtain, knocked at the door, and, hardly waiting for an answer, went in.

"Heavy hogs lively, lard brisk and energetic in sympathy with hogs. Light hogs flexible and subject to reaction." Mr. Potts was dictating a letter to his secretary when Lady Charlotte broke in.

"Dear Mr. Potts, I must speak to you alone for one moment. Please send this gentleman away."

"Stimpson, just you wait for me in my dressing room for a few minutes. And now what can I do for your ladyship? I calculate you're the boss of me and this establishment, so just give me your orders."

At the word "boss" Lady Charlotte shuddered. That dreadful man downstairs, lying dead perhaps, had said the same thing. Decidedly she had been imprudent, and allowed misconceptions to arise. Once this business set to rights, she would drop this Yankee. People must not begin to talk about her.

Lady Charlotte explained the situation truthfully. She reflected that if the man downstairs should die, and she, an earl's daughter, were to be accused of murder, it would matter little who knew what she had done. There would be but one course open to her, and that course she had shrunk from taking yesterday as a means of escape from worry.

Lady Charlotte wanted Mr. Potts to send for a doctor and to have the wounded man tended, and to keep the rest of the house in ignorance of the occurrence. She would play her part in the piece as though nothing had happened; no one would be able to guess from

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All communications should be addressed to

E. MOONEY,
Editor and Proprietor.

Smethport, Pa., Oct. 25, 1889.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
HENRY K. BOYER,
of Philadelphia.

COUNTY.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
E. MOONEY,
of Smethport.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR,
M. J. PADLEY,
of Turtle Point.

Republican County Committee.
W. E. WEAVER, Bradford, Chairman.

BRADFORD CITY.

1st Ward	1st N'dt.—F. K. Appleton.
" "	2d " —J. S. Lyon.
2d "	—George P. Bosch.
3d "	H. W. Murray
4th "	M. Mahon.
5th "	J. A. Walsh.

TOWNSHIPS.	POST OFFICE.	NAME.
Annin,	Turtle Point,	Isaac Simpson
Bradford, 1st W.	Bradford City,	J. L. Morris
" 2d "	Bradford,	Orrin Mansfield.
Corydon,	Custer,	C. B. Robbins.
Coneywango,	Coneywango,	J. D. Frost.
Cleveland,	E. Corydon,	C. C. Mason.
Eldred Boro,	Eldred,	D. C. Carpenter.
Eldred Twp.,	Eldred,	M. M. Rowan.
Foster, 1st Dist.	Derrick City,	E. M. Shaver.
" 2d "	Derrick City,	E. M. Shaver.
Hamlin, 1st E.	Hamlin,	John Gibbs.
" 2d "	Mt. Jewett,	W. D. Bartholomew.
Hamilton,	Custer,	W. H. Nolth.
Keating, 1st D.	Cyclone,	A. J. Howell.
" 2d "	Cyclone,	J. B. Wright.
" 3d "	Afton,	G. N. Johnson.
Lafayette,	Kinzua,	T. A. Vanderdale
Keating, 1st D.	Kendall Creek,	W. S. Lingo.
" 2d "	"	J. C. Smith.
Lafayette, 1st D.	Mt. Alton,	Mark Hamlin.
" 2d "	Big Shanty,	E. H. Fresh.
Liberty,	Smethport,	A. Ostmander.
Otto,	Fort Allegany,	A. F. Brewer.
Norwich,	Norwich,	A. F. Brewer.
Pike, 1st Dist.	Duke Center,	D. F. Grant
Pike, 2d Dist.	Elkhorn,	C. D. Johnson.
Port Allegany,	Port Allegany,	W. M. Hickman.
Sargeant,	Clermont,	Jacob Arnold.
Smethport,	Smethport,	E. F. Wright.
Wetmore,	Kane,	W. H. Sommer.

The election is one week from next Tuesday.

JUDGE ARCHBALD of Lackawanna county has declared the act of June 30, 1885, providing for the election of tax collectors in boroughs and townships unconstitutional. The County Commissioners are sustained in appointing their own collectors.

OUR amiable colemporary, the *Bradford Star-Boy News*, in its issue of Oct. 19th, says: "Four weeks next Tuesday the voters of McKean county will elect Honest Jim Snyder County Treasurer." If he should be running on that day he will undoubtedly "make the landing," as he will be speeding alone.

REPUBLICAN Defeat is Possible Only Through Apathy.

SHADFORD, McKean Co., is booming, and confidently expects to have fifteen thousand inhabitants when the next census is taken. Few counties in the State have made greater progress than McKean during the past ten years and with the constant development of her mineral resources a bright future lies before her.

PRESIDENT HARRISON has appointed General Michael Kerwin, editor and owner of the *New York Tablet*, Collector of Internal Revenue for the second district of New York. The *Tablet* is an able Roman Catholic paper, and General Kerwin is the leader of the Irish Republicans of New York and his war record was first-class.

Our Recent Big Majorities were Won by Hard Work.

A POINTER to Republican poll workers. After you think every Republican voter that can be secured has been looked after, scan your list closely to see if there isn't one more who can be brought to the polls. Every vote counts. Many a man has been elected by a majority of one. Let your motto on election day be "one vote more."

Work Yourself and See that Your Neighbor Votes, also.

THE Republican State Committee offers handsome silk banners to the two counties showing the nearest relative approach to the Harrison vote of 1888. Every county has an equal chance for this prize—large and small Republican and Democratic. Is there any reason why our county cannot win one of these banners? Would she not look better at or near the head of the list than down near the tail end where McKean County was last year?

Thoroughness Organization Only Can Bring Success.

THE Young Republicans of Pennsylvania ought to be particularly interested in the election this Fall, owing to the fact that the Republican candidate for State Treasurer, Hon. Henry K. Boyer, is, like them, a young man. He has been active in public affairs only a few years, and has attained to his present prominence before the people by the enduring energy and inherent ability. There is no reason why hundreds of other young men in Pennsylvania should not be equally successful. Mr. Boyer is a representative Young Republican, and all other Young Republicans in the State should take off their coats and add in securing his election. His fight is theirs—and his victory will be theirs.

Victories are Won by Persistent, Individual Effort.

TO Republican Committeemen and Pollmen: See every man on your lists, without delay, and get the promise to vote on Nov. 5th. If any one of them be aged, or ain feeble, or resides a considerable distance from the voting place, make some provision to carry them to the polls. Do not let one such man escape. Many a candidate has been elected by a majority of one. The result on November 5th will depend upon the thoroughness with which you, in common with those charged with similar duties, perform the work assigned you. The work of the State Committee, the County Committee, and the township workers is useless unless the Pollmen do their duty thoroughly. It is their work which wins the day—or loses it.

DEATH OF GOVERNOR HARTRANFT.

General John F. Hartranft, ex Governor of Pennsylvania, died at his residence in Norristown, Pa., on Thursday of last week from acute uremia, aged 59 years. He was the hero of Fort Steadman and of many others of the most sanguinary conflicts of the army of the Potomac. He took into the service the 51st Regt. Pa. Vols., as brave a body of men as made up the famous Ninth Corps, among whom he was familiarly known as "Black Jack."

In 1865 he was nominated and elected Auditor General of the State. In 1872 he was nominated and elected Governor and in 1875 he was re-nominated and again elected to that responsible position. Since he retired from the Governor's chair he has served one year as Postmaster of Philadelphia, and five years as Collector of the Port of Philadelphia. The following tribute to his memory is from the Philadelphia *Press* of Friday last.

"The untimely death of General Hartranft will be sincerely lamented in the immediate community where he was so widely known and so universally respected, and throughout the State which he had served with such high distinction. The grand work of his life had undoubtedly been finished and its lasting impress cannot be effaced, and yet he still had great capability of usefulness, and his removal from the scene of his activity is a deep public loss. He was so modest, so gentle, so unassuming that men in his daily presence were scarcely conscious of the strong personality which rose to great occasions. But few even of her most eminent sons have shed so much lustre upon his native State.

"Pennsylvania has contributed some of the most conspicuous names to the roll of the nation's heroes—such names as Mead and Reynolds and Hancock. They were trained and educated officers, and with great advantages they played a great part. But matchless their heroism without their preparation, it is not too much to say that General Hartranft was the greatest of Pennsylvania's volunteer soldiers. With all his reserve he was born for organization and for command. Without the gift of speech, he had the supreme power of action. Without the genius which dazzles in its meteoric flash, he was the very incarnation of the thorough, courageous, fighting soldier. From the hour when he refused to follow his disbanding regiment at Bull Run but remained to draw his sword for his country to the hour when he shared in the final triumph his career was one of stainless fidelity and unblemished glory. No defender of the flag was more frequently under fire and none was more uniformly successful in the work intrusted to him. He shared the campaigns of the armies both of the East and of the West, he fought on the soil of every State where there was fighting to be done; and the roll of the battles in which his sword gleamed is literally encompassed in the personal records of the war. Entering the struggle at the first summons with a three months' regiment he carried Fort Steadman in one of the most gallant exploits of the entire conflict with a whole division of Pennsylvania troops following his heroic lead. He won the stars of the general not by any adventitious circumstance or personal favor, but by the solid qualities and the masterly achievements of the true soldier.

"In political life General Hartranft silenced criticism and won universal esteem under trying conditions. He served as Auditor General during a time of stormy contention, and he ran for Governor in a year of bitter political passion. As his success or defeat would turn the tide of the Presidential battle the whole tho of party virulence was concentrated on him. But this deadly crusade failed, and his upright administration vindicated his good name so that he was renominated without opposition and re-elected without reproach. As a civil ruler he was always guided by a high sense and standard of duty. The period of his Governorship signalized some most valuable work for the State. He projected the commission which was the seed of the reform charter of Philadelphia, and when the labor issues of 1877 culminated in lurid destruction and bloody strife he dashed forward from a distant scene with the same vigor of action which he had so often displayed on the field of battle, and illustrated the value of the genius of command in a time of peril.

"For one great service General Hartranft stands pre-eminent. He did more to organize, invigorate and perfect the National Guard of the nation than any other man. The splendid militia of Pennsylvania is essentially his creation, and the standard of Pennsylvania has become the model of the country. This work alone would be sufficient to distinguish him among the benefactors of the land, and it will remain as his enduring monument. He was a superb soldier, a faithful civil ruler, an honest man, with robust character and sturdy mind, he will be honored and cherished not merely for his heroic deeds but for his manly virtues and substantial attributes."

THE Republicans of McKean County will only be doing justice to themselves to give Mr. Boyer a rousing majority on the 5th of November. During the last session of the Legislature our representatives, Messrs. Burdick and Griffith, received the special recognition they deserved at his hands as Speaker of the House. Mr. Burdick was frequently called to the chair where he displayed the qualities, in a marked degree of a first class presiding officer which makes of him a formidable candidate for Speaker of the next House. At the close of the session Speaker Boyer appointed Mr. Griffith a member of the very important committee to revise and codify the road laws of the State, which showed his appreciation of the business abilities of our popular representative. Again we say let us give him a rousing majority on Nov. 5th.

IT is vitally important that the Republicans should poll a full vote in order, first, to place Mr. Boyer's election beyond doubt, and secondly, to put the party in good shape for next year's contest for Governor. Moreover, next year we elect a Legislature which chooses a United States Senator, and twenty four Representatives in Congress. Would not a Republican defeat, or a small Republican majority, this year, seriously handicap us for the important battle of 1890? Then why call this an "off year?" We must not permit it to be an off year." We must take off our coats, roll up our sleeves, and work ceaselessly from now until November 5th, in order to poll a full vote.

BY an act of the last Legislature each county in this State is entitled to a free scholarship in the Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Art, in Philadelphia. The appointment is to be made by the Governor on the recommendation of the County Superintendent of Schools.

WORTH STUDYING.

The following table comparing the Republican vote for State Treasurer, at each election since 1877, with the immediately preceding Presidential vote, and exhibiting the "falling off" or "stay-at home" vote at each of said elections for State Treasurer, is suggestive, to say the least:

REPUBLICAN VOTE OF PENNSYLVANIA.	
1876. For President,	384,187
1877. For State Treasurer,	349,589
Fall off, 37 per cent.	142,598
1879. For President	351,377
1882. For State Treasurer,	290,153
Fall off, 18 per cent.	105,089
1880. For President,	444,704
1883. For State Treasurer,	375,579
Fall off, 17 per cent.	139,625
1884. For President,	411,704
1887. For State Treasurer,	271,979
Fall off, 27 per cent.	139,725
1884. For President,	472,220
1887. For State Treasurer,	324,495
Fall off, 31 per cent.	147,725
1884. For President,	472,220
1887. For State Treasurer,	322,270
Fall off, 32 per cent.	59,950

The above figures show that at elections when a State Treasurer was voted for, the Republican vote has fallen, on an average, 28 per cent below the preceding Presidential election. A similar "fall off" this year would produce the following result:

1888. For President,	422,661
Less 28 per cent.	147,931
1889. Vote for State Treasurer,	274,730

A careful examination of the official figures shows that the Democratic "stay-at-home" vote at the State Treasurer elections since 1877, has not been so great as the Republican "stay-at-home" vote. For instance;

DEMOCRATIC VOTE.	
1884. For President,	392,120
1887. For State Treasurer,	340,320
Fall off, 13 per cent.	51,800

Should the Democrats poll within 13 per cent. of the Cleveland vote this year, as they did in 1887, the result would be as follows:

1888. For President,	421,611
Less 13 per cent.	54,811
1889. Vote for State Treasurer,	366,800

To recapitulate

Should the Republican "stay-at-home" vote this year equal the average of the vote cast at each "off year" since 1877, and should the Democratic "stay-at-home" vote come as close to the immediately preceding Presidential vote as it did in 1887, the following would be the result:

1888. Democratic vote for State Treasurer,	366,800
1889. Republican vote for State Treasurer,	274,730
Democratic majority,	92,070

The above figures indicate the *possibilities* of the present campaign. Are they not suggestive? *If only ordinary* effort is put forth by the Republicans, and the Democrats do as well as they did in 1887, Mr. Boyer, the Republican candidate for State Treasurer, will be defeated by 10,000 majority. "Ordinary effort" will not do. Close organization and hard work will bring out a full vote, and only by a full vote can Mr. Boyer's election be made absolutely safe.

*Early and Work vote combined.

WORK MUST BE DONE.

The Republicans throughout Pennsylvania are not going to lie still this Fall and depend upon the campaign coming out all right. In fact this would be a very indiscreet thing to do. While the Democracy would have a prodigious undertaking to carry the State in spite of the splendid majority there is against them, and while they can ordinarily be depended upon to throw their fat in the fire, still it would be bad generalship for the Republicans to stay quietly in their tents, in fancied security, as an enemy disregarded is always a dangerous enemy. Over confidence is a dangerous feeling for the Republicans to be absorbed with, as they have frequently lost both State and minor elections through that fault. The hope that they will be pervaded with this delusive idea this year, is inducing the Democratic leaders to direct all their energies toward taking advantage of it. While the contest this *year* may not seem important, *yet* the effect of the coming election upon the future of the Republican party must be taken into consideration. The Philadelphia *Inquirer* thus points out some of the important consequences involved:

"The loss of Pennsylvania to the Republicans this year means its probable loss next year, when a Governor, Legislature, twenty-eight Congressmen and a United States Senator are to be chosen. A reduced Republican majority this year means a perilous up-hill fight next year, with all that will then be involved.

"These are dangers that can be avoided only by persistent and faithful effort throughout the next three weeks. It does not depend upon the party committee, the responsibility is upon the individual voter. Every Republican should be awake to the importance of the situation.

"The party has an unassailable candidate for State Treasurer in Henry K. Boyer, and it has presented substantially the same platform of principles that was supported last year by a majority of 80,000. The result should be decisively re-affirmed by an overwhelming majority of the voters in November.

"Let us keep Pennsylvania at the front of the column of Republican States. That can be done only by hard and determined work on the part of every Republican in every election district. Indifference invites defeat, and there is no time to lose."

THE feeling of security prevailing among the Republicans throughout the State is to be greatly regretted. A common expression among Republicans is: "We have a walk-over." This is our greatest danger. Apathy—naturally consequent upon over confidence—is more to be dreaded than open disaffection. Unless we change this current we are liable to wake up on November 6th and find ourselves in the minority. There is only one remedy now, and another hereafter. Now—close, compact organization. HEREAFTER—getting the "stay-at-homes" to the polls on election day, as the result of "close organization." Any line of work which doesn't have one of these two objects in view is a waste of energy. We must do twice the amount of "hustling" this year that we do in a Presidential or Gubernatorial year, when there are live issues to stir up the people.

THE FOUR NEW STATES.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

South Dakota is full of bounding claims of present greatness and future immensity. She has almost twice the area of Pennsylvania. She has 2,500 miles of railroad, reaching every county seat. She has 700 postoffices, 250 newspapers (ten daily,) 1,000 Sunday schools and $2,000,000 of church property. Her farm lands are valued at $75,000,000. Her last year's crop of wheat was 40,000,000 bushels; of corn 30,000,000, of potatoes 4,000,000. Her live stock is valued at $30,000,000. Her taxable wealth is $220 000,000. She has the Black Hills, containing gold, silver, copper, tin, iron, coal, lead, asbestos, plumbago, nickle, mica, platinum, marble and granite. She claims to have more gold than California, more silver than Nevada, more tin than England, to grow more corn than Egypt, and one South Dakota editor caps the climax by exclaiming: "in intelligence she rules the lustre of ancient Greece."

Certain it is that in none of the new States is there a keener local pride or more outward sign of rapid development. What Fargo is to North Dakota Sioux Falls is to South. Within four years she has gathered together four colleges, a penitentiary, two immense flour mills, foundries, quarries, brickyards, breweries, fifteen churches and 12,600 people. The Big Sioux river winds like an S past the city, falling in half a mile ninety one feet over walls of jasper, making a water power scarce inferior to that of the Falls of St. Anthony at Minneapolis. The peculiar rock called jasper is described by geologists as a metaphoric rock thrown up at least 10,000 years ago. The deposit appears to be about 3,000 feet deep and covers twenty five square miles. It is so hard that saws make no impression upon it, but curious enough it breaks to a line as easily and exactly as chalk. It takes a perfect polish and is of all shades of black, red, green and pure white. A church built of these polished rocks suggests one of St John's visions of heavenly mansions. This stone is so hard that it is used to polish the petrified wood of Arizona, so that Sioux Falls uses its jasper to manufacture chalcedony.

Another wonderful city is Yankton. It is 30 years old and its antiquity inspires great reverence in South Dakota. It is built on chalk bluffs on the Missouri river. The river, however, is at Yankton one morning and the next it may be two miles away, for it frequently changes its course, causing overflows that do great damage in the lowlands, where the exceeding richness of the soil continually tempts people to farm. There is as great a fortune in the chalk cliffs as in the deposit of jasper at Sioux Falls. The chalk is cut away in blocks and manufactured into cement.

A MARVELOUS WATER POWER.

But Yankton's greatest natural advantage is its water-power, which seems to be as inexhaustible as it is mysterious. Beneath Yankton and the country thereabouts is a great subterranean lake, supplied from high levels—probably the Rocky Mountains. Whenever tapped this water rushes upward with tremendous power. The city obtains its water supply through an artesian well drilled 600 feet deep. The water gushes through a pipe into reservoirs built on a bluff. The entire apparatus cost $2,000, and there is its water supply apparently for ever. As soon as this novel power was discovered the use of steam was stopped. Any one who wants a water drills a hole in the ground, slides a pipe through it, attaches a turbine wheel and his machinery is in motion at once. The fire company had no use for their engine, for the pressure from the city's reservoirs would deluge the top of the highest building. A six inch pipe furnishes 2,000 gallons a minute with a pressure of fifty-six pounds to the square inch, or about thirty five horse-power.

Money is pouring into this new State, as into the others, making investment. There are rogues here, as everywhere, and the only safe way to invest is for the capitalist to go himself or send a trustworthy agent. It is said that fully a third of the capital in use in South Dakota comes from Philadelphia, New York and Boston. Yankton has only 4,000 people and yet it is the outlet for such a great agricultural region, embracing 20,000 farms growing corn, flax and stock, that it shipped last last year 2419 carloads and brought back for its own supply 2025 carloads—a traffic which must command respect.

The constitution that the people of South Dakota adopted on October 1st was prepared by a convention four years ago. It has been twice approved by popular vote, in anticipation of the action of Congress, but it was none the less necessary that it be approved again. The constitution is criticised as containing too much legislation. The people seem to like it, however, because it contains everything. It is an over-loaded that when the new State Government gets into operation there will be endless work for the courts and the lawyers. The document contains four times as many words as the Constitution of the United States. Little is left to the Legislature. For example, the constitution fixes the salaries of all the State officers. The chapter on corporations contains nineteen sections, most of them in the nature of statutes which cannot be changed except by constitutional amendment. A clause providing for Prohibition is to be voted upon separately. So is another providing for woman suffrage and another for minority representation. Thus about all the "laws" are provided for. In seventeen sections the constitution hedges about the magnificent endowment for school purposes of 1,280 acres in every township. In the bill of rights it is declared:

In all trials for libel, both civil and criminal, the truth, when published with good motives and for justifiable ends, shall be a sufficient defense.

Special legislation, bribery, vote-trading and the use of gubernatorial patronage to influence legislation are all specially forbidden.

[Continued Next Week.]

GEN. GREEN B. RAUM, of Illinois, former Commissioner of Internal Revenue, was appointed by the President on Saturday last as Commissioner of Pensions. The appointment is universally regarded as an exceptionally good one, Gen. Raum having proven a model official at the head of the Internal Revenue Bureau. When the war broke out he was a democrat. Shortly after he entered the army as major of the 36th Illinois regiment, and from time to time was promoted until on the 15th of February, 1865, he was commissioned a brigadier general. Since the close of the war he has been a Republican, having served one term in Congress from an Illinois district. He was seriously wounded at the battle of Missionary Ridge and is highly esteemed by the veterans of Illinois, among whom his appointment is received with intense satisfaction.

THE partial Republican defeat in Montana was due almost wholly to the vote in two counties, Lewis and Clarke. Of the cause for the result the Helena *Journal* says: "There is no explanation of the wretched result which excoriates the managers of the Republican campaign in these counties. Their administration turns out to have been inefficient, undisciplined and unavailing."

THE MONTANA ELECTION.

By throwing out a precinct in Silver Bow county the Republicans gain a majority on joint ballot in the Legislature of Montana. The Republicans claim that glaring frauds were perpetrated in that precinct while the Democrats claim that the Republicans are committing a great fraud by throwing out the votes of the precinct. In reference to this contest the Philadelphia *Press* speaks the sentiments of the Republicans of the country in the following editorial:

"The Republican feeling of the country on the disputed election in Montana can be put in a word. If we are clearly and justly entitled to the State, on facts which are indisputable and controlling, then we want it. If not, we don't. We want it rightfully and honorably or not at all. No surrender of plain, unmistakable rights; but, on the other hand, no straining of power, no seizure of mere technicalities, no attempt to take what doesn't belong to us beyond any question.

"It is impossible as yet at this distance to tell where the right rests. Up to this time there has been no precise and trustworthy statement of the facts underlying the contest. All we know is that the canvassing board of Silver Bow county has thrown out certain votes—as we understand it, less than two hundred in all. If these votes are disallowed the Republicans win the Legislature and two United States Senators. If they are counted the Democrats succeed. Of course, they were rejected upon the allegation that they were fraudulent, but why has been indicated only in the most indefinite way. The contest has been taken into court, and the whole question is still subject to review.

"While it is thus pending we wish to repeat in the most emphatic terms that the Republicans of the country will not sanction or tolerate anything else than the most perfect fair play. We can afford to lose the Legislature and the Senators, but we cannot afford to perpetrate any wrong or take any questionable advantage. We do not assume to anticipate any conclusion—not enough is yet known to warrant it. We do not prejudice the case one way or the other. All that can be done at the present stage—and this should be done in the firmest possible tone—is to insist that the Republicans shall undertake nothing for which they have not the clear justification of right and of law. If the rejected votes are fraudulent and ought to be thrown out it can be made so clear as to carry conviction everywhere, and if it cannot be made clear it ought not to be tried.

"With right dealing Montana will be a sure Republican State. The path of destiny lies that way. The tide of immigration favors it. All surrounding influences make for it. Let no mistake be made at the outset. Stand by the right, but don't go beyond it."

JUDGE WILSON'S TOMB.

A special to the Elmira *Star* from Wellsboro says: No visitor to the lovely cemetery at Wellsboro, Pa., fails to be attracted towards a notable burying place, built above ground, of grayish stone, and intended for the last repose of ex-Judge Stephen F. Wilson. Every body hereabouts knows of Judge Wilson, whose oddities of character and sturdy reliability have made him more than locally renowned. He was at one time a United States Judge in New Mexico but was removed during the presidency of Grover Cleveland, on charges which seemed to be sufficient for the President, but quite insufficient for the judge and his friends.

The shape of the vault erected by ex Judge Wilson is suspected by his friends to be an indication of jubilation because Cleveland was knocked out by Harrison; at any rate, the vault looks like the log cabins seen so often during the late campaign, and on the peak of each gable end there rests an object that looks very much like a cider keg.

Looking into the vault one sees a marble case built upon the middle of the floor, with just enough room around it for a person to walk. On top is a marble slab inclined from the doorway, and inscribed so that it can easily be read from the outside, and all that is necessary to carry out the judge's desire when he goes hence, is to lift off the marble slab, put the casket into the stone receptacle, and then seal down the inscribed cover.

The inscription on the slab is unique. It gives the name and time of birth of the occupant, with the date of death left blank, and underneath all that is this strange sentence: "P. S.—Waiting for future orders."

It is not exactly known whether the judge means that the "orders" refer to the unfinished inscription on the slab, or whether he refers to Gabriel's last trumpet; it may mean both. Certain it is, however, that Judge Wilson, who was never known to go back on his word, or a friend, will have a very novel resting place when he shuffles off this mortal coil.

Notice in Divorce.

Kate Rose vs. Aaron Rose } In McKean County Common Pleas. No. 195, February term, 1889.

The undersigned commissioner appointed by the court in the contingency in above case, will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office of Gen. A. Berry, in the City of Bradford, on October 29, 1889, when and where all interested may attend.

75. PHILO ACKLEY, Commissioner.

Notice in Divorce.

Cornelia A. Brown by her next friend } In the Court of Common Pleas of McKean
James, vs. William S. Brown. } Co. No. 193, October term, 1889.

Having been appointed commissioner to take testimony, on the part of the plaintiff, in this case, in obedience to the order of court I will take testimony in said case at my office, in Smethport, on the 31st day of October, 1889, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., at which time the defendant can attend and cross examine witnesses.

75. G. M. GERVIN, Commissioner.

Notice in Divorce.

G. H. Knapp } In the Court of Common
vs. } Pleas of McKean Co. No.
Clara A. Knapp. } 190, October term, 1889.

Having been appointed commissioner to take testimony on the part of the plaintiff in this case, in obedience to the order of court, I will take testimony in said case at the St. Elmo Hotel, in Eldred, Pa., on the 1st day of Nov., 1889, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., at which time the defendant can attend and cross examine witnesses.

75. G. M. GERVIN, Commissioner.

Notice in Divorce.

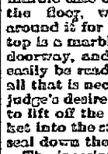
Flora M. Potter, by her next friend, P. P. Hopkins, vs Geo. W. Potter. } In the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County. No. 157, February term, 1889.

To respondent above named:

You are notified that the undersigned examiner, appointed by said court to take testimony of witnesses on the part of the libellant to be read on the hearing of the above entitled case, will attend on the duties of his appointment at the office of D. L. Keenan, in the borough of Smethport, Pa., on Thursday, the 31st day of October, 1889, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., at which time and where you may attend and cross examine if you think proper.

J. N. APPLE,
Oct. 14, 1889—3t. Examiner.

"BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES."



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FIRST-CLASS BUGGIES AND ROAD CARTS at prices that will surprise you. Air Ride Seats. The easiest Writing Deskcut. Rubber Goods (Aetna Brand) wholesale and retail. Everything in Rubber Stamp line. Printing Presses, Seal Presses, etc.

W. A. WOODBURY,
2-42tf 6 and 40 Mechanic St., Bradford, Pa.

SMETHPORT BAND—Now open for engagements for parties. Military music satisfactorily furnished for public amusements. Prices reasonable. Address J. W. BARKER, Manager, Smethport, Pa.
3-7tf.

Good Business Location.

FOR RENT—The subscriber offers for rent the store room and cellar under it now occupied by D. T. Young in the Backus building opposite the Court House. Possession given on the first of September next. ALSO—the dwelling house now occupied by herself and family adjoining the Backus block on Main street. Possession given on the first of October next.

MRS. J. C. BACKUS.
Smethport, July 26, 1889-tf.

LEONARD -:- KOENIG,

PAINTER AND DECORATOR,

HERZOG HOUSE. MILL STREET,

SMETHPORT, PA.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

TATE SPRINGS, TENN., July 4, 1888.
The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.:

During the spring of 1871, while working in the field at my home in Morgan county, Ga., I pulled off my shoes to give my feet a rest. Unfortunately, I walked into a clump of poison oak, and in a few days my feet were in a terrible condition, and I could not put on a shoe because of the sorenes and swelling. I was treated as poison oak cases usually are, and everything was healed up. About the same time the following spring, 1872, my feet became sore again, as at first, and every succeeding spring for five years brought back the same condition of the disease, only each time it became more distressing, because I began to think it was a lifetime trouble. Finally, I was induced to try Swift's Specific. I took six bottles, and to-day am entirely well. My improvement was gradual from the first, and no evidences of the disease remains. I shall take pleasure in testifying as to its curative properties. It is the greatest blood purifier in existence. Yours truly, J. L. MORGAN.

The foregoing certificate is taken at random from thousands of letters in possession of the Swift Specific Co., and presented simply as a sample. It is a voluntary statement, giving facts and results of the case. Its accuracy and genuineness are beyond question.

A valuable Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. Address

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—FOR A—

Nice Piece of Meat

Fresh, Salt or Smoked

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Which they will sell at the

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Also a large and complete invoice of

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Which they propose to sell at manufacturers prices. Call and examine our stock and prices and become satisfied that it is a waste of time to look elsewhere for goods we sell. We are selling our goods as low as any house west of New York for quality.

GLEASON & LEMMLER.

Smethport, Pa., March 12, 1884.

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Is the great college of Business Offices, where all the branches of a complete business education are taught by Actual Business Practice. The only member from Penna. of the Inter-State Business Practice Association of America. The student learns book-keeping and business by engaging in business transactions. Practical Office Work and Banking are specialities. Individual instruction from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. and from 7 to 10 p. m. The best advantages in Shorthand and Typewriting—the highest speed in the shortest time. Send for catalogue.

Call and see the students at work when you visit the Exposition. Visitors always welcome.

JAMES CLARK WILLIAMS, A. M. Prest.
22-13w

For Sale.

A MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE, WITH A valuable water power. Good place for Shingle mill or grist mill. Address the undersigned.

MRS. SUSAN E. NEMONG,
East Smethport, Pa.

House For Sale or Rent.

On corner of Hill and Green Streets, 6 rooms, good cellar, gas and water, plastered papered and newly painted, good garden with fruit trees. Possession November 1, 1889. Terms reasonable. Inquire of

Mrs. C. A. KENYON, or
APPLE & SOUTHEY,
Smethport, Pa.
Oct 11—tf.

V. KLAPPENBACH,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

Cor. King and Church Sts., Smethport,

Keeps an assortment of English and French goods on hand from which to select. Suits will be made up in the latest and most approved styles, and entire

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

Near Philadelphia. School Opens Sept. 12th. Yearly Expense, $500. Four Payments, $125.

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Ages and classes: young men and boys at any time; for them for business, any College, Polytechnic School, for West Point or Annapolis. Confidential classes. One of the best equipped and best conducted Private Schools in America, located with the Principal's family. Boys learn all and receive the benefits of first-school Colleges. Private buildings, single or double, for boys of different ages. Every room has in a steam radiator and is completely furnished. Grounds (ten acres) for foot ball, base ball, tennis. Every room has in a steam radiator and is completely furnished. Grounds (ten acres) for foot ball, base ball, tennis. Every room has in a steam radiator and is completely furnished. Grounds (ten acres) for foot ball, base ball, tennis. Every room has in a steam radiator and is completely furnished. Grounds (ten acres) for foot ball, base ball, tennis. Every room has in a steam radiator and is completely furnished. Grounds (ten acres) for foot ball, base ball, tennis. Every room has in a steam radiator and is completely furnished. Grounds (ten acres) for foot ball, base ball, athletics, etc. Gymnasium. Special organization for any student to study Civil Engineering, Electrical, or Civil Engineering course. Physical and Chemical Laboratory. Practical Telegraphy. Typewriting, book, etc., Engineering course. Physical and Chemical Laboratory. Practical Telegraphy. Typewriting, book, etc., Engineering course. Physical and Chemical Laboratory. Practical Telegraphy. Typewriting, book, etc., Engineering course. Physical and Chemical Laboratory. College-fitting school. Media Academy affords the very best, the best education, and the most training. Fixed prices cover everything. Illustrated catalogue sent free to any address. EWITHIN C. SHORTLIDGE, A.B., A.M., (Harvard Graduate), Principal and Proprietor, Media, Pa.

Media, Pa., near Phila. School Opens Sept. 12th. Yearly Expense, $500. Two Payments, $250.

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FOR GIRLS AND YOUNG LADIES. Miss Emerson's Celebrated School.

Graduating Course in Classics, Literature, Science, Mathematics, Music, Modern Languages. Two accomplished teachers and lectures. Regular Master of Arts. Special teachers in Art, Elocution, Physical Culture, Calisthenics, Vocal Culture. School has its own 22 acre park by rock ravine in rear of building. Individual attention. Small classes. Pupils not allowed to go out except in care of parent or guardian. Home influences. Christian tone. Perfect safety and happiness. Illustrated Circular free.

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The hom

The McKean County Miner

HOME IN ITS INTERESTS.

The label on your paper shows the time to which you have paid. Look at it and see if the address of your paper is correct. If not, notify us at once and we will make the change. If you want your paper stopped, say so, and it will be done. If you want it continued, pay up. Always state in what town you receive your paper. Remember that the label on your paper is changed every week, and the date on it shows to what time you have paid. Keep watch of it, and if it is not changed when it should be, notify us at once. We send papers regularly but we cannot get the paper promptly unless our friends help us by notifying us when they do not receive it.

Smethport, Pa., Oct. 25, 1889.

Local Matter.

LOCAL AND HUMOROUS.

—Next week.

—Indian weather for the teachers' institute.

—The disk of the town clock has been brightened up.

—Bradford has a Young Men's Christian Association.

—D. L. Young, Esq., is moving into his fall store.

—S. D. Nash has a new advertisement in another column.

—The second snow storm of the season on Tuesday. It was unexpected.

—Election one week from next Tuesday. Every voter should be on deck.

—No man who is not proud of his country has a much else to be proud of.

—Two R. Smith, of East Smethport, is happy rather. A girl baby arrived at his home last Friday night.

—The last case on the October criminal calendar was pretty strong. If burglary can be considered an assault.

—Smethport has nine miles of fire hose. Fifty rods over 7,000 feet more than any borough in the Union can boast of.

—The trees are almost denuded of their golden splendor and the bare branches begin to shiver and a thought of winter.

—The new time table which took effect on the W. N. Y. & P. railroad, on Sunday last will be found in another column.

—The soldiers' band, which recently accompanied the Ladies Relief Commandery of Bradford, rendered great applause at that spiral.

—J. H. Scull's residence, just completed, speaks to W. N. Y. & P. depot, to east, and Smethport, is certainly one of the best in that lively little village.

—A new gas light has been placed in front of the residence of C. H. Moore, on Water Main street. It is appreciated by the neighborhood and public generally.

—We are indebted to J. W. Wedpper, of Port Allegany, for a box of cigars which for smell and call Gelicious. Joe is a Dandy as a business man as well as a Republican.

—Howard Van Horn's dramatic combination will hold the boards at Kittredge Bros. house, on the evenings of the 30th, 31st and 32th. This company comes highly recommended.

—An jury brought in a verdict of guilty of rumals in the case of Com. vs. John Wood, of Kane, last Friday, and he received was sentenced to cost of prosecution and $10 fine.

—The genial F. M. Pardee is joyous over the possession of a handsome new tombone which was presented to him by the Smethport Band, an organization of which he is an honored member.

—Sheriff W. R. Clarke started last Tuesday on the Western Penitentiary with the following convicts in charge: Louis Weber, John Koons, E. M. Rogers, Lorman Wilson and James Patterson.

—Some one went out on a bicycle by a New York paper, to find Stanley, the African explorer, has returned to Zanzibar without getting in sight of him. Where Stanley is now must be left to some one of the geographers who make the Dark Continent their specialty.

—The Chan angua House, after having been closed during the past summer, is once more open to public patronage. F. Lounsbury, the handsome proprietor informs us that he has rented the hotel until the first of April, and is ready to do all in his power for the comfort and convenience of guests.

—The chief way of disaster that seems to have been a feature of an ill-fated year has been averted to the opposite side of the globe, and once more we have a word of terrible happening in China and not on this, where thousands of human lives have been wiped out by storm and floods.—*Era.*

—With the issue of October 31st, the Bradford *Era* entered upon its 18th volume. The *Era* is an enterprising newspaper and like other Bradford journals, bright and newsy. The *Star*, Republican, and the *Era* Independent, are the survivors of Bradford's dailies.

—The services known as the "Forty Hours Devotion," or "The Adoration of the Most Blessed Sacrament" will commence in St. Elizabeth's Church, in this place on Sunday the 27th, and continue three days. Several priests from other places will assist the pastor, Rev. Father Galligan during the time.

—Woodland & Middaugh's Uncle Tom's Cabin Company held the boards at the opera house, Thursday night of last week, and were greeted with an unusually large audience. The company was above the average, the role of Marks being decidedly well handled. As no programmes were in circulation we are unable to give the names of actors.

—During the progress of a certain criminal suit in court, last week, the following toast was perpetrated by one of our well-known young men of Hilbertian descent. Speaking of the defendant, he said: "I hope Judge Morrison will sentence him to jail for life, with the proviso that should he die before his time is out he shall be put in to serve out his sentence."

—There are many mean tricks played upon the contribution-box. To be fed with sawdust, plugged and perforated coins, and to be ignored altogether are almost every-day experiences with it. About the meanest trick, though, was that played at Birmingham, Ala., when it was fed seven counterfeit dollars which caused the minister a arrest and almost sent him to the penitentiary.

—Last week we copied an item from the Bradford *Reporter's* Smethport correspondent, which stated that there was $3,500 in free-to between the bids of Smethport and Olean contractors for building the W. N. Y. & P. passenger. The actual difference was $800. The only bids in the work were those of Kress & Powell at $7,0, O. P. Chase at $1,383, and Gillihan Chase & Co. at $1,000.

—The fastest time ever made on a bicycle in America for a mile was made in Peoria, Ill., sunday October 13th, by Joe Forster, the Peoria champion. The trial was made on a country road, a few miles south of the county, and the flyer was mounted on a high general safety. He rode a straight away mile in 2.12 riding heavy wind blowing at his back. No watches which were held on him were used exactly.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

Superintendent Mahon's Court in Session at The Temple of Justice.

The McKean County Teachers' Institute convened at the Court House on Monday afternoon. County Superintendent Eckels presiding. The weather has been all that could be desired for the assemblage of the teachers of the young idea, and it is certain that such a large number of McKean County's fairest daughters tend to make more cheerful the melancholy days of October, in Smethport.

The afternoon was occupied with the enrollment of teachers and the introduction of the instructors. It was decided to hold two informal meetings daily.

In the evening a most eloquent address of welcome was delivered by E. H. Mayo, Esq., of this place, followed by remarks of Rev. T. W. Chandler of the M. E. Church, Prof. Cooper, Ex-Superintendent M. O. Campbell, Mrs. Brown of Bradford and others. After a short intermission, the chorus under the charge of Prof S. S. Myers of Cleveland, rehearsed.

On Tuesday morning the informal meeting was opened by a paper from W. F. Shero, principal of the Smethport graded school, on the subject of "Saving Time." This paper and other topics were discussed. After exercises conducted by Rev. Mr. Chandler, Superintendent Geo. B. Lord of Venango county began his instruction on "Teaching History." He was followed by Superintendent J. C. Swift of Elk County on "School Organization and Prof. Myers, on music.

In the afternoon there was an informal meeting with Prof. W. L. Cooper of Gilmore, and questions were discussed by the teachers. Prof George Bible entertained the audience on the subject of "Reading," and he was followed by Supt. Swift on "School Organization" and Supt. Lord on "Spelling."

The evening entertainment was made up of music by the chorus under the direction of Prof Myers and by the Smethport Band, interspersed with amusing character recitations by the inimitable Prof. Bible. He was vociferously applauded in "Clarence's Dream" from Shakespeare, "The Big Boy's Composition," "The Bashful Girl's Speech," and other selections.

A paper was read by Prof. George at the informal meeting, Wednesday morning, which occasioned a good deal of discussion. After devotional exercises by Rev. Mr. Chandler, Supt. Lord continued his work on teaching "History," followed by Prof. Myers on "Music."

The afternoon informal meeting was conducted by M. O. Campbell. In the meantime the executive committee consisting of the principals of the schools, was in session, at which the meeting of the Association was set for Thursday, Friday and Saturday after the first Monday in April at Kane.

The instructors for the afternoon session were Prof. Bible, Supt. Swift and Prof Myers.

The evening entertainment consisted of an address by Col. George Bain of Kentucky His subject was "Boys and Girls," and his eloquent oration was fully appreciated by the fortunate audience. A large number of people were present to hear the gifted gentleman.

Thursday was occupied with the regular course of lectures, and in the evening the "Higgins' Concert Company" of New York, entertained the audience. They are masterly performers and gave excellent satisfaction.

The lectures up to this writing have without an exception been very instructive, and superintendent Eckels may be congratulated upon his success in managing the Institute of 1889.

A Big Blaze.

Fire broke out in the big lumbering establishment of J. J. Newman, at Larrabee, last Monday morning, at about 3.30 o'clock, destroying the mill, three million feet of lumber, the runways, valued at an enormous figure, an adjacent store building occupied by J. C. French & Co., seven cars on the W. N. Y. & P. side track, two barns owned by D. C. Young, of this place, and a boarding house occupied by Mrs. D. C. Smith. The Olean fire department was telegraphed for by Manager Dunbar, and arrived at Larrabee at 6.40 a. m., but the efforts of the firemen to save adjoining property was of no avail, the engine, unfortunately becoming disabled after a short struggle. Mr. Newman's loss is estimated at about $35,000, his property being insured. The loss of Mr. Young, whose property was also insured, we are informed will amount to $5,500. Mr. Newman will in all probabilities rebuild the mill.

Death's Untimely Call.

Lawrence Carlin, a former well-known young man of Smethport, died at his home in Hinsdale, N. Y., last Thursday morning, aged thirty-two years. The remains were brought to this place by a special train last Sunday, and after the funeral services in St. Elizabeth's church were interred in the Catholic cemetery, Rev. Father Galligan officiating. The death of Mr. Carlin, resulted from an accident in the W. N. Y. & P. yards at Hinsdale, about three weeks ago. His foot was injured by a passing train of cars, while he was opening a switch. He was removed to his home and medical aid was summoned, but the young man gradually grew worse until death relieved his sufferings. The sympathy of a large number of friends who were familiar with the many virtues of the deceased, is extended to the bereaved parents and relatives.

Mrs. Cleveland on Housekeeping.

The American people have heard many common-sense words purporting to come from Mrs. Cleveland, and in consequence remember her very kindly, although her brief day is past. But in all she has said there has been nothing more sensible than in the indirect advice she has given to young married couples to go to housekeeping at their earliest opportunity.

Mrs. Cleveland is still too young a woman to have seen all the bad effects of what is commonly called boarding. Even in the exceptional position which she occupied at Washington only the most glaring evils of such a life passed under her eye. But her intuitive wisdom is greater than her experience. It was this which prompted her to say: "Will I like housekeeping? Certainly. There is no other way to live."

She was right. The home is the only place for married people. Nowadays some have a different notion, but the notion is a mistaken one. Boarding is only a make-shift. It is unsatisfactory and incomplete.

What is worse, it is demoralizing in a thousand ways. The claim most frequently made for it—that it is an irresponsible life—is true, and it is that which makes it unsatisfactory as a means of long continued existence. This is the testimony of those who know it best.—*Philadelphia Inquirer.*

BOOTS and Shoes for Men, Ladies and Children all sizes and widths at M. Rosenfield's.

PERSONAL MENTION.

We would claim it a favor if those having friends visiting in this place would notify us by postal or by leaving a notice at this office.

Miss Minnie Davis, of Port Allegany is visiting friends in town.

John O. Sonbergh, of Clermont, is at Mayville, N. Y., this week.

Tom Hungerford, of Sawyer City, was attending Institute this week.

Elmer Brambles, of Larrabee, spent Sunday with H. W. Georgia and family.

Claud Gillis and Harry Jones, of Kane, drove over to the county seat last Tuesday.

Mrs. A. N. Taylor, who has been very ill for some weeks, at the residence of D. C. Young, is reported improving.

Frank Baldwin of Duke Centre, and A. N. Marsh of Bradford, were most welcome callers at this office last Wednesday.

John Mullin, one of our progressive young men, was home from his New City school this week attending Teachers Institute.

Mrs. W. P. Burdick *nee* Miss. F. L. Rogers left Smethport last Monday for Du Bois, where her husband Dr. Burdick is located.

Mrs. J. E. P. Batts and little son, of Geneva, N. Y., are spending the month of October with Mrs. Batts' sister, Mrs. G. N. Barrett.

Rev. W. D. Lukens, of Germantown, Pa., will occupy the pulpit of the Baptist church of this place next Sabbath, morning and evening.

S. C. Hyde, Esq., of Emporium, well known in this locality, was visited with a second stroke of paralysis last Friday. His friends and relatives will learn with regret that he is in a critical condition.

Ex-County Superintendent M. D. Campbell and wife were in attendance at the Teachers Institute this week. Mr. Campbell was called upon to address the meeting on Monday, and responded with a few well-chosen remarks.

Rev. J. H. McCandless, Mrs. Henry Hamlin, daughter Miss Bess and son Orlo, returned from their trip to Europe last Wednesday. With the exception of the time that Orlo was ill in London, their sojourn was a delightful one.

Miss Anna Pearson in company with her sister Mrs. Chas. Kruger departed yesterday for Port Townsend, W. T. where she will in the future reside. Miss Pearson will be greatly missed by her friends in this town.

St. Luke's Church.

Services on Sunday next will be as follows.

Celebration of HOLY COMMUNION at 8 a. m.

Morning Prayer and Litany at 10.30 a. m.

Evening Prayer at 7.30 p. m.

Evening Prayer on Friday evening at 7.30 p. m.

All Saints, East Smethport, Sunday. Evening Prayer at 3.30 p. m.

Interested People.

Advertising a patent medicine in the peculiar way in which the proprietor of Kemp's Balsam for Coughs and Colds does is indeed wonderful. His authorizes all druggists to give those who call for it a sample bottle *Free*, that they may try it before purchasing. The Large Bottles are 50c and $1.00. We certainly would advise a trial. It may save you from consumption.

An Act Defining the Rights and Regulating the Use of Bicycles and Tricycles.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted, etc., that bicycles, tricycles and all vehicles propelled by hand or foot, and all persons by whose bicycles, tricycles and such other vehicles are used ridden or propelled upon the public highways of the State, shall be entitled to the same rights and subject to the same restrictions, in the use thereof as are prescribed by law in the case of persons using carriages drawn by horses.

SEC. 2. All Acts or part of Acts incompatible herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

Approved the 23d day of April, A. D. 1889. JAMES A. BEAVER.

FORT ALLEGANY.

Tony Beacon and W. B. Chapman, of Bradford, were in town last Saturday evening.

Charles Catlin started Monday for Valparaiso, Ind., where he will finish his law studies. Charlie is the very prince of good fellows and his numerous friends in Port Allegany unite in wishing him a successful business career.

Wm. Dawson, of Wellsville, N. Y., was in town over Sunday, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Vanloon.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Kline, of Smethport, were in town last Sunday.

L. W. Mason and wife, of Smethport, were in town Sunday last.

A. J. Hughes started on a pleasure trip Monday morning last. He will visit Chicago ere he returns.

Wesley Hooker spent a few days with Olean friends last week.

W. H. & J. M. Keeny are about to engage in business in the Snyder building, on Main street. Both are young men of first-class business qualifications, and worthy the best patronage of our citizens.

The Coudersport bicycle club, six in number rode into town Sunday morning last, returning home in the afternoon.

Hon. L. Rogers, of Smethport, was in town on Saturday evening last.

Wm Vanloon was seriously injured on Tuesday of last week by being thrown on a skid in the woods. He was brought to his home in this village, and under the treatment of Dr. J. V. Otto is slowly recovering.

The wedding bells rang merrily on Wednesday last, it being the occasion of the marriage of Dr. F. E. Watts, of this village, to a most estimable lady of Olean, N. Y. The doctor and his bride have the best wishes of a host of friends in this vicinity.

Miss Sarah Miller went to Smethport on Monday last.

Earnest Wilson, of Coudersport, was visiting Port Allegany friends on Wednesday of last week.

S. W. Smith made a business trip to Alton this week.

Mrs. Hue Wilson is quite sick—threatened with fever

The genial Leroy Fessenden, who went west some two months ago, has returned to his old home in Roulette, and was calling on his Port Allegany friends Monday last. He says old Pennsylvania is good enough for him.

Mrs D W. Ganson started on Monday morning last for a visit to friends in Canada.

The "school marms" are all at Smethport this week, in consequence of which the "kids" are having a picnic.

Jno. F. Cone, an old resident of the Two Mile, has purchased the Smith residence, on Mill street, and has become a resident of the borough.

James Broder, Democratic candidate for county treasurer, was in town last week.

O. M. Johnson and Miss Minnie Downs were united in marriage at the residence of the bride's father on Wednesday morning of this week. The happy couple have while to fix up to-day, there won't be the best wishes of a large circle of friends.

Fred Blackman made a business trip to Austin on Monday last.

Mrs. E Sherrill has taken possession of the old Lillibridge store, on Mill street, which she recently purchased and remodelled. It makes a fine business location, and her millinery stock cannot be surpassed.

VONDERSPECK.

Go to M. Rosenfield's for Underwear largest and finest stock in town.

D. C. YOUNG is selling off his goods at reduced rates preparatory to moving into his new store.

FARMERS VALLEY FLASHES.

Frank Palmer was shaking hands with his many friends in this place on Monday and Tuesday of this week.

Miss Elsie Ferman, who has been with us the greater part of the summer, returned to her home on Monday.

It's a girl' was the cry of the happy father, Dan Fessenden, on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas, of Alfred Centre, have been visiting at the residence of their daughter, Mrs. E. E. Berkwith, the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Jackson Ellis spent Sunday with his parents, at this place.

Several of our young men are intending to attend the Westbrook Commercial College the coming winter. Success to them.

The fire of J. J Newman's mill, near Larrabee, delayed the trains on the Clermont branch the greater part of the day, on Monday.

Jackson Otto, of Olean, was shaking hands with his many friends in this place, a few days last week.

A. Tyler and Ed Whaley, had business in Olean the fore part of the week.

Wm. Burgess, formerly of this place, but now of Coleville, was presented with a very fine pair of twins last week.

Mrs. A. R. Tubbs, who has been visiting friends and relatives in Binghamton and vicinity, has returned.

A society of the Band of Hope was organized in this place on Sunday of this week, Mrs. E. W Ellis, Superintendent, and C. S. Hazzard, secretary.

Mrs. Caroline Otto and family went to Sliderville, on Sunday to spend the winter with her son-in-law, Geo. Waters.

Del Provin, formerly of this place but now of Warsaw, N. Y., was shaking hands with his many friends in this place the past week.

Mrs. F. C. Olds went to Olean on Wednesday of this week to see her daughter, Miss Ethel Olds, who has been attending school there for a few weeks past.

D. C. Young is selling off his goods at reduced rates preparatory to moving into his new store.

SUMMERVILLE H. Rosenfield is here to stay and receives the latest styles every day.

MT. ALTON ITEMS.

Singing school at the M. E. Church is progressing finely. Prof Stanford is the teacher.

Miss Flora Bennett spent the Sabbath with her parents.

Jas. McGraw has resigned his position as section boss and is going to start a feed store in the building formerly occupied by R. D. Malone.

Mrs. Wm. Hafner, of Kinzua, spent the Sabbath with relatives in Alton.

Perry Oaks, a former resident of this place, returned with his family last week, expecting to make Alton their future home. Their many friends welcome them back.

No school this week. Teachers all attending County Institute.

Phillips & Fraley's mill started up this morning.

Capitalists would do well to come here and invest a few hundred dollars in cottages, as they are in great demand, and not an empty house in town.

MOUNTAINEER.

HATS and Caps the finest and best stock at M. Rosenfield's.

A Dig in the Ribs.

If on the right side and lower part of the diaphragm, though playfully meant and delivered, is calculated to awake pro-fanity from a chappy whose liver is out of order. When that region is sore and congested, pokes seem fiendish. Look at a man's countenance are you prod him under the ribs. If his skin and eyeballs have a sallow tinge, you may infer also that his tongue is furred, his breath apt to be sour, that he has pains not only beneath his ribs, but also under the right shoulder-blade. Also, that his bowels are irregular and his digestion impaired. Instead of making a joccos demonstration on his ribs, recommend him to take and steadily persist in taking, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the finest antibilious and alterative medicine extant. Incomparable is it, also, for dyspepsia, rheumatism, nervousness, kidney trouble and fever and ague.

Daughters, Wives and Mothers.

Physicians heartily endorse the use of Speer's celebrated Port Grape Wine for the use of debilitated females. It is not an intoxicant, and is absolutely pure, being made from grapes grown at Mr. Speer's Musan Pasqua Vineyards, Passaic, N. J., from vines imported from the port wine districts of Portugal. Druggists sell it.

BOOTS and Shoes for Men, Ladies and Children all sizes and widths at M. Rosenfield's.

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

[This column will be open to short contributions from ladies, especially housekeepers, and any exchange or other items of which they have tried and found good will be thankfully received. Also brief communications from farmers, dairymen and fruit growers on the various things in which they are interested, are requested. Let us tell of what we have learned by experience, and of the very best ways of doing things, and so "help one another." Address HOUSEHOLD EDITOR AND HOUSEKEEPER, Care of MINER, Smethport, Pa.

ADVICE TO GIRLS.

Girls, it is not the chief end of woman to marry young, as some of you seem to think. Believe me, your chances for a happy marriage will be better after you are 25 than before. As you grow older, if you are a young lady who thinks at all, you will be more capable of judging the kind of a man with whom you could be happy. What does a girl of 16 or 17 know or think of the step she is taking and how many girls of 20 would think of marrying the man they would gladly have married at 16. The reason is, her mind has improved with her years, and she now looks beyond mere appearances, in judging men. She will ask if this man, who is so very polite in company, is really kind hearted. Is his a genial happy nature as the sea shine, or is his attractive demeanor put on for the occasion and laid off at home as he lays off his coat? A very young girl takes it for granted that men are always as they appear in society, kind an agreeable, and if she happens to marry early, she finds to her sorrow that in nine cases out of ten, a man in society and a man at home are widely different beings. Five years at that period of life produce great change in opinions and feelings, and my closing injunction is, girls, don't marry until you are 21 at least, and I would much prefer, as I desire your life-long happiness, that you wait until you are 25.

AUNT MARY.

"A kind word lasts longer than a marble slab."

THE ART OF LISTENING.

We learn more by listening than by talking, just as a cistern fills up by what runs into it, and not by what runs out. Yet few good cisterns can be found. To be a good listener does not mean that we should never speak, but it is necessary to keep the mind on what is being said. We have known persons who after another had ceased talking on some subject, ask questions which showed plainly they had not been listening. Some people are much better talkers or conversationalists than others, and we often hear some one say, "I wish I could talk as easily as such an one," but those people who talk "so easily" and who often don't let anybody else "get a word in edgeways" when they are around, are not to be envied. To be a good listener is a much greater accomplishment.

DRESS AT HOME.

The importance of neat and tasteful home dressing cannot be over-estimated. The mother who appears before the members of her family in a soiled dress, and generally untidy appearance, has little idea of the possible consequence of such an example and especially where she makes the excuse, as we have heard many mothers make, that "it isn't worth while to fix up to-day, there won't be anybody here, she is quite sure." Could such a mother realize that her dress is an evil example to her daughters, and one whose consequence will reach far beyond her span of life, that husband and sons cannot fail to draw comparisons between her dress and that of ladies in other houses, and that these comparisons will decrease their respect for her, she certainly would give more attention to her personal appearance.

HOUSEHOLD RECIPES.

Culled from Different Quarters.

FILLING FOR JELLY CAKE.—Fine apple sauce, sweetened more than usual, and flavored with lemon essence, makes a nice filling for a jelly cake.

BUCKWHEAT CAKES ALL WINTER.—The scientific way of "keeping up" buckwheat cakes all winter, without yeast, is this: Stir in part of a saucer of dry buckwheat flour in the batter left after breakfast. In the evening, mix your cakes with cold water. In the morning put in a little soda, salt and sugar.

APPLE CAKE.—Take light bread dough and shorten it, or make a crust just as you would for soda biscuits, and roll out about one-half an inch thick, then cut good sour apples into quarters, and again into eighths, and place the crust, sprinkle with sugar and spice to the taste and bake, or you need not season but very little and make a sauce of butter, sugar and water and pour over it.

EXCELLENT FURNITURE POLISH.—One ounce white wax, one ounce yellow wax, one-half ounce of white soap, and one pint of boiling water Melt all together in a sauce-pan over the fire, and pour into a bottle. Apply it by rubbing a little on a small space with a cloth of any kind, rub with a second cloth and polish with a third The economical housekeeper may have her furniture nicely polished for a reception at a trifling cost.

CROUP.—Whenever your little ones cough and are hoarse, and there are any signs of croup, mix a fourth of a tablespoonful of allspice in a teaspoonful of molasses and give at once. Repeat the dose if necessary. Also make a poultice of ginger, with the least bit of mustard, and apply on the throat and upper part of the chest. This is an excellent remedy

FARM NOTES.

Wooden troughs are best to hold drinking water for fowls in winter, as it does not freeze as readily as in other vessels.

The white and brown Leghorn fowls begin to lay when only five months old. They are non-setters, lay white eggs, and rank very high as egg producers. They are, however, rather small in size, and do not answer as well for market as do the larger breeds.

A cleanly kept cow will yield sweet milk, with an agreeable, sweet odor, and quite free from any taint or injurious quality whatever. That such milk is very rare is simply because such cows are rare, and this is the reason why the very best purely flavored butter is rare too

A correspondent, who is an old fruit grower, says he prefers winter to spring for pruning his orchard. The tree perhaps does not do any better for it, but the bark does not peel off easily when rubbed by the ladder or the boot soles. Then, too, it is much easier getting about in the tree-tops when the branches are free from leaves or blossoms.

In mulching fruit trees be careful not to make recess for the mice. To avoid the disaster of girdled stems, raise a slight mound of earth about the tree, beat it smooth with the back of the spade, and keep the mulch at least a foot or two away. Another mistake is in making these mounds of shovels of turf or of sod, the grass of which, with the crevices between, offers a strong invitation to the mice to enter. The earth used for such mounds should be in a pulverized state and then be beaten smooth and compact.

FERTILIZING THE HEAD.

The United States *Dairyman* suggests that men ought to take lessons from nature in improving themselves—fertilizing at the top, the head; to which the Germantown *Telegraph* adds: "This is good advice to farmers or men of any occupation, and loses non of its force because men are farmers. The successful tillage of the soil requires a good degree of intelligence. The mechanical part of working the soil may be effected without intelligence. Mere brute force will accomplish that, but the direction of this force requires intelligence and of that character that can judge of cause and effect and secure at all times the best results. Fertilizing the head can be accomplished by careful reading and study upon such topics as relate either directly or indirectly to the various processes of the farm. Winter evenings are an appropriate time for storing the mind with knowledge that will not only be useful in the application to the best management of the farm, but furnish food for thought while engaged in actual labor. There are a multitude of books of great value to the farmer which, if carefully studied, will greatly aid in the performance of labor in the best manner, some of which should be in the hands of every farmer. But the regular visitant, in the shape of the family paper, should be secured without fail. In that are found the best thoughts and the practice of practical farmers, a practice which, with judgment to vary according to changed conditions, may well be followed."

D. C. YOUNG is selling off his goods at reduced rates preparatory to moving into his new store.

LITERARY NOTES.

The *Delineator* is a monthly magazine illustrating metropolitan fashions of all the latest styles and novelties in ladies', misses' and children's fashions with full descriptions of new goods, new styles, new trimmings and practical articles and subjects connected with dress and the household. It is an invaluable magazine for ladies' use. Published by The Butterrick Publishing Co., 7, 9 and 11 west 13th street, New York city. Price $1.00.

We will astonish you if you call at my store and examine stock and prices. M. Rosenfield.

On Friday and Saturday and until sold I will offer for sale one car of choice potatoes at the lowest price of the season. JOHN ROONEY.

100 Ladies Wanted.

And 100 men to call on any druggist for a free trial package of Lane's Family Medicine, the great root and herb remedy discovered by Dr. Silas Lane while in the Rocky Mountains. For diseases of the blood, liver and kidneys it is a positive cure. For constipation and cleansing up the complexion it does wonders. Children like it. Everyone praises it Large size package, 50 cents. At all druggists'.

You can get an Overcoat from $3 to $25 all colors and weights at M. Rosenfield's.

It costs the members of the senior class of the State Normal School at Clarion less than seventy dollars for the entire year, for board, tuition, furnished room, heat and light.

A Great Surprise

Is in store for all who use Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, the greatest guaranteed remedy. Would you believe that it is sold on its merits and that any druggist is authorized by the proprietor of this wonderful remedy to give you a sample bottle free? It never fails to cure acute or chronic coughs. All druggists sell Kemp's Balsam. Large Bottles 50 cents and $1

A Sensible Man

Would use Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs It is curing more cases of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup and all Throat and Lung Troubles, than any other medicine. The proprietor has authorized any druggist to give you a Sample Bottle *Free* to convince you of the merit of this great remedy. Large Bottles 50c and $1.

O. O. Johnson

Has just opened his new liquor store at No. 62 State street, Olean, N. Y., where he is always pleased to meet his friends. Orders by mail or express promptly attended to. Swedish punch a specialty. 6m

Forced to Leave Home

Over 60 people were forced to leave their homes yesterday to call for a free trial package of Lane's Family Medicine. If your blood is bad, your liver and kidneys out of order, it you are constipated and have headache and an unsightly complexion, don't fail to call on any druggist to day for a free sample of this grand remedy The ladies praise it. Everyone likes it. Large size package 50 cents.

THE best and cheapest Underwear in town at M. Rosenfield's

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

Western New York & Pa. R. R.

(FORMERLY B., N. Y. & P. R. R.)

TIME TABLE in effect Oct. 20, 1889.

Trains will leave Smethport for Larrabee's, Eldred, Olean, Bradford, Rochester and Buffalo as follows:

BUFFALO EXPRESS	9 18 A. M.
BUFFALO MAIL	2.35 P. M.

For Clermont, Johnsonburg, and points south:

CLERMONT MAIL	7 12 A. M.
CLERMONT ACCOMMO'N	10.20 P. M.

Get Time Tables giving full information from A. E. WOMMER, Ticket Agent,
H. BELL, General Sup't.
J. A. FELLOWS, Gen. Pass'r. & Tkt. Agt.
Buffalo, N. Y.

Court Proclamation.

The HON. A. G. OLMSTED, President Judge, of the Courts of Over and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphan's Court and Court of Common Pleas in the County of McKean, has issued his precept, bearing date Friday, Oct. 18th, 1889, to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, at the borough of Smethport, Pa., on Tuesday, the 12th day of Nov., A. D. 1889, and to continue one week.

Dated at Smethport, Pa., Oct. 21st, 1889, and in the 113th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

W. R. CLARKE, Sheriff

A SOLID STEEL FENCE!

This is the Fence

MADE OF EXPANDED METAL

CUT FROM SOLID SOMETHING NEW.

For Steamboats, Churches, Cemeteries, Farms Gardens, Lawns, Arbors, Window Guards, Trellises, Fire-proof PLASTERING LATH, DOOR MATS, &c. Write for Illustrated Catalogue mailed free &c. Write for Illustrated Catalogue mailed free

CENTRAL EXPANDED METAL CO

316 Water St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Hardware Men Keep It. Give name of this paper

RUPTURE cure guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer, 811 Arch St., Phila., Pa. Ease at once, no operation or business delay Thousands cured. Send for Circular. No. 30 tf.

BROWNELL BROS

—IN—

HEADQUARTERS!

—FOR—

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS AND CAPS.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS

A FULL LINE OF

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS

ETC., ETC.

OUR MOTTO—"Justice to all."

Smethport, - Pa.

January 3, 1889.

C. E. GROVER,

CONTRACTOR & BUILDER

And Proprietor of the

Port Allegany Planing Mill.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Siding, Flooring, Ceiling

BRACKETS, MOULDING, &c.

All Kinds of

DRESSED LUMBER TO ORDER.

Plans and Specifications for Buildings furnished on application. All work guaranteed.

C. E. GROVER.

PORT ALLEGANY, PA

Mrs. T. D. NASH'S

The liberal patronage we have received thus far this year indeed us to make large and important additions to our fall and winter stock of goods in all lines, which we will continue to offer at the lowest possible figures.

We will compare our goods, as to quality and price, with any other reputable establishment in City or Country.

We invite an examination of our line of Dress Goods, Dress Flannels, Cashmeres, Silk-warp and All-wool Henriettas, Dress Trimmings, Braids, Bindings, Ladies' Neckwear, Corsets and Bustles, Hamburg Edgings, Laces, Buttons, Zephyrs, Saxony and Germantown Yarns, Embroidery Silks and Art Materials, Ladies' Muslin Underwear, Table Damask, Napkins, Towels, Towelling and Crashes.

A good line of All-wool Underwear for Ladies' Misses' and Children. Also a full line of Merino Underwear.

A large supply of All-Wool Hosiery for Ladies' Misses and Children. Bicycle Hose for Boys.

Kid Gloves, dressed and undressed. Sweden and Jersey Gloves Mittens, &c.

Muslins, bleached and unbleached, White and Colored Canton Flannels, Calicos, Ginghams, Seamless Pillow Case and Sheeting, Muslins and Tickings.

Plush Jackets, Plush Sacques, Cloth Cloaks, Jackets and Newmarkets for Ladies and Misses. Cloaks and Gretchens for Children.

FUR TRIMMINGS.

A beautiful line of Silk, Black Bordered, and Hemstitched Handkerchiefs.

A nice assortment of English and All-wool Half-Hose for Men's wear,

You should see our latest style Silk and Gloria Umbrellas for Ladies and Gentlemen's use.

If you desire a good, really fashionable Hat, Bonnet, Tam O'Shanter, Sailor Hat or a Hood for a Lady, a Miss or an Infant, Feathers, Tips, Pom-Poms, Wings, Ornaments or anything else in the Millinery line, give us a call and we guarantee complete satisfaction.

Dont forget our elegant line of shoes for Ladies, Misses and Children Rubbers of all sizes and goods.

If your Boy wants a good shoe, come and see what we have in that line.

If you have never purchased anything in the shoe line at our store, ask your neighbors who have and they will satisfy you that we sell a good shoe very cheap.

QUALITIES HIGH, PRICES LOW.

Our motto has always been, low prices, small profits, quick sales—continued satisfaction to our customers.

Mrs. T. D. NASH.

Smethport Pa., Octobe 10, 1889.

FURNITURE -:- AND -:- CARPETS!

To the People of McKean and Adjoining Counties.

The FURNITURE and CARPET COMPANY now established in Smethport, invites the attention of Persons wanting to buy Furniture and Carpets.

Our CARPETS are all new patterns direct from the looms.

Our FURNITURE is of the latest styles and finishes.

We guarantee to sell our good as low as any city firm. As our fire-proof building is insured at less than one per cent.: we have no rent to pay, and pay cash for all we buy, we can and will

-:- SELL AT A SMALL MARGIN OF PROFIT. -:-

All we ask is a share of Patronage, and will guarantee to give entire satisfaction.

FURNITURE AND CARPET CO., Smethport,

Oct. 11, 1889—1y ANDREW REILLY, Manager.

-:- CLOAKS. -:-

Our Cloak man says: "Why don't you talk cloaks in the papers," and that reminds us that we have been showing cloaks (and selling them too) for a full month, and have not said a word about them outside the store. Someone else must have been talking (perhaps it was the garments sold) for hardly an hour of the day passes that some one is not looking over the cloaks, and the general verdict is

THEY ARE PRETTY,

THEY ARE STYLISH,

THEY ARE REASONABLE,

Yet, doubtless, there are some of the many Lady readers of the MINER who are not aware that we claim to have the best assortment of Children's Cloaks, Misses Cloaks, Ladies Jackets in Jersey Cloth, Beaver, Fancy stripes and Plush, Ladies' Modjeskas in Plush and Beaver, Ladies' New Markets and Connemaras, and Ladies' Plush Sacques ever shown in Smethport.

To such we extend our usual cordial invitation to call and look them—over the quality, the style, and the price. If you don't buy to-day we are glad to have the opportunity to show you, and convince you that we are trying hard to cater to the wants of the people of this vicinity.

This is also the season for

UNDERWEAR,

as well as outside garments. In this department too we are LOADED.

Childrens Merino and children's all wool in all sizes from 16 to 34. Ladies' Merino, Ladies' all wool Scarlet, Ladies' natural wool and Jersey knit, and in Men's goods. He is surely a particular fellow that we can't SUIT with a full SUIT.

It is needless to quote prices on these goods. Every dealer has his 50 cent goods, his 75 cent goods, $1.00 goods and so on up. The question is who has the best Value for the Money. That's what interests you. The one who exchanges his or her cash for the comfort and service of the goods and wants all he can get for it.

Now we don't claim to sell goods without a profit. We expect to make a profit on everything we sell (unless it is remnants or unseasonable goods) and a living profit too, or quit the business. But is it not fair to suppose that with the quantity of goods we sell from five stores, that we do have some advantage in buying, as we often buy by the original case, cask or car-lord.

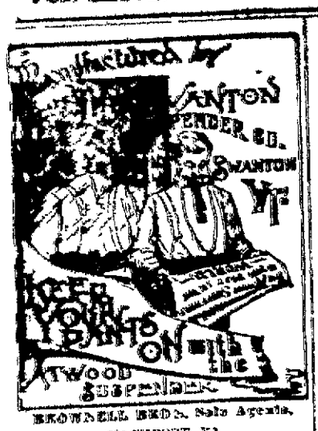
You buy a barrel of Pork less than by the pound. A chest of Tea less than a single pound. A peice of Muslin less than five or ten yards. The same rule holds good in wholesale trade.

With this advantage we are still able to get the usual retailer's profit and still give better goods if not lower prices than some others.

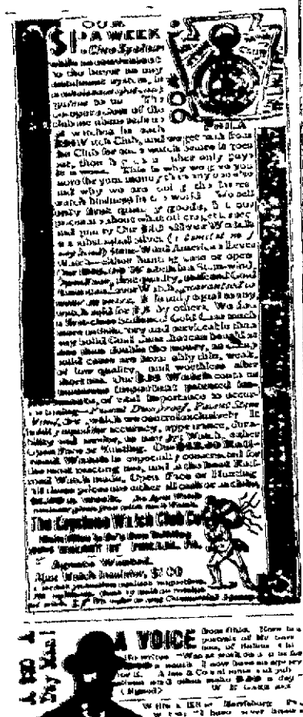
It is to your interest to examine our goods and prices before you buy anywhere.

STICKNEY, BELL & CO.'S

EAST SMETHPORT.



BROWNELL BROS., Sole Agents,
SMETHPORT, PA.



A $60.00 Sewing Machine
FOR $14.90.

BUSH & McINTOSH,
Manufacturers of
Door & Window Frames
Flooring, Siding,
Ceiling, Etc.
Sash and Blinds Furnished to Order.
CUSTOM PLANING
Done on short notice.
Also manufacturers of
LEVER HANDLES, WHIFFLETREES,
NECK-YOKES, AND ALL KINDS
—OF TURNED WORK.—
Saws Gummed to order
Shop opposite W. N. Y. & P. depot.
East : Smethport.

Spoolt & Sasse,
PRACTICAL UNDERTAKERS,
Having purchased the stock and fixtures of the late firm of Kane & Spoolt, we are prepared to attend to all calls in this line in the most satisfactory manner.

LADIES' FEARLESS DYES
Are Warmer Than Anything, or Any Other Dyes.
They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. They are the strongest. They have no equal for Brilliancy, Simplicity, Economy in Package or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading. They are the best results in every instance. For sale by W. F. Sullivan and S. L. Wells, Smethport, Pa.

RHEUMATISM AND NEURALGIA

These two diseases cause untold suffering. Doctors admit that they are difficult to cure, so do their patients. Paine's Celery Compound has proved eminently equal to the task in many cases of Rheumatism and Neuralgia—so say those who have used it.

"Having been troubled with rheumatism for the past two years, I was almost unable to get around, and was very often confined to my bed for weeks at a time. I could only use both of Paine's Celery Compound, and was perfectly cured. I can now 'step around,' and feel as lively as a boy." FRANK CARROLL, Eureka, Nevada.

$1.00. Six for $5.00. Druggists.
Maxwell's testimonial paper free.
WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Props., Burlington, Vt.

Paine's Celery Compound has been a God-send to me. For the past five years I have suffered with neuralgia of the heart, doctor called it heart disease. I am now taking the fourth bottle of the Compound, and am nearly free from the complaint. Yours truly, MRS. ELLA E. LEWIS, Colonel Village, Co.

Paine's Celery Compound

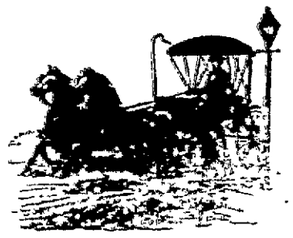
Effects Lasting Cures.

"I have been greatly afflicted with acute rheumatism, and could find no relief until I procured Paine's Celery Compound. After using six bottles of this medicine I am now cured of rheumatic troubles."
SAMUEL NORTHUMBER, Co. Corinth, N. H.

Paine's Celery Compound has performed many other cures as marvelous as those quoted. Druggists can obtain them for their customers. Proprietors can take letters sent to any address. Pamphlet on kidney and liver disease, and correspondence with physicians, both sent free. Address as above. Paine's Celery Compound is prepared by vegetable, a child can take it. Why is the use of suffering longer with rheumatism or neuralgia?

DIAMOND DYES Give Faster and Brighter Colors than any other Dyes. BABIES Lactopeptine Lactated Food are Healthy, Happy, Plump. Easily Digested. Try It. Guaranteed.

A. T. PALMER,



DEALER IN
HORSES,
Wagons, Carriages, Carts,
Harness, Etc.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLES.

WATER STREET BARN.
—ALSO—
FEED AND BOARDING STABLE,
BENNETT HOUSE BARN.
MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE. SMETHPORT, PA.

ATTENTION!

I wish to say a few words to my friends and customers. After many years of pleasant dealings with the people of Smethport and vicinity, I deem it my duty to inform them that I am at all times prepared to

MEET -:- COMPETITION

in a business way and on

BUSINESS : PRINCIPLES!

I have in many ways improved my business and am constantly

-:- ADDING TO MY STOCK -:-

so as to make it the leading and reliable Clothing and

Merchant Tailoring Establishment
—OF McKEAN COUNTY.—

I can be found in my store and at all times pleased to see my old and new customers, where they may rely on

FAIR AND HONEST DEALING.

All I want is a call, and I will convince you it is to your interest to deal with

RELIABLE : MERCHANTS

and not with temporary dealers, or dealers who start in business for a few days, trying to make the public believe they are here to stay, and can save your money by buying of them. It is not so, for I can assure each and every one of my customers, and I can prove to them that I have the

LARGEST STOCK

and the FINEST GOODS and the

LOWEST PRICES

in town. All I want is a call and I will convince you

WHAT I SAY IS TRUE

and not simply a trap to get you to buy. Soliciting a call, I am yours truly,

H. W. RUBIN,

The Reliable Clothier and Merchant Tailor, - Smethport, Pa.

INSURANCE.

SMETHPORT HOME AGENCY,

HASKILL & BURDICK.

We represent the following

Old and Reliable Companies:

Insurance Co. of North America, Philadelphia the oldest Insurance Co. in the world. Assets	$8,436,591
Pennsylvania Fire,	2,890,867
Franklin	3,131,248
Royal, Liverpool	4,845,195
Fire Insurance Association of London (U. S. Branch)	893,445
Sun, Fire, London	1,848,610
Hanover, New York	2,479,534

To not obtain Insurance in another Line as long as you can get assured at home in as reliable companies as the above.

HASKILL & BURDICK,

Bank Building, Main Street, - Smethport, Pa.

THE SHIPS OF UNCLE SAM.

TWIN SISTERS TO THE YORKTOWN NEARLY READY TO LAUNCH.

They Are the Concord and the Bennington, and Have Will Be Found an Elaborate and Interesting Description of This Particular Type of Cruiser.

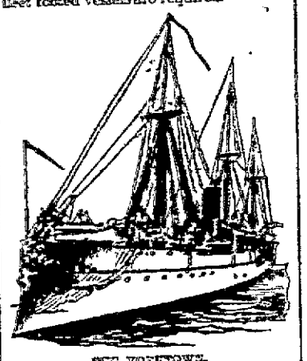
The Yorktown has proved herself so speedy, and to possess such fine weatherly qualities, that it is very satisfactory to know that her twin sisters are so nearly like her in every important particular. The Bennington and Concord are partially protected cruisers, with three masts, carrying fore and aft sail only, and they have the same dimensions and displacement of their elder sister. The contract for building them was executed on the 15th of November, two years ago, with Messrs. H. F. Palmer & Co., Chester, Pa., who were to have completed them within eighteen months, the contract price, exclusive of armament, being $430,000 for each vessel.

In this particular they differ from the Yorktown, the cost of which was some $35,000 less, and the time allowed for her completion but twelve months. The horse power guaranteed to be made is 3,400, a bonus of $100 to be paid for each horse power developed above the contract figures on trial, but if those figures are not reached a forfeit of $100 per horse power will be exacted. The engines, which are of the horizontal triple expansion type, are to drive twin screws, and are being built at the Quintard Iron works, in New York. It was not expected when the vessels were designed that the amount of premiums would exceed $5,000, which would represent but fifty horse power above what the contract calls for.

Although the time for completing these vessels was originally to expire last May, and has been extended, the contractors are now paying forfeit for being behindhand with their work, and unless the horse power developed is greatly in excess of what is anticipated, the premiums will hardly compensate for the cost of the delay. The very apt name of "the eyes of the fleet" was, in the days of the old time sailing vessels, bestowed on the frigates, which were kept well in advance of the line of battle ships to observe the movements and combinations of the enemy's squadrons and report them as quickly as possible to the commander-in-chief, in order that he could so dispose of his own vessels as to catch the enemy at the greatest disadvantage.

Such a title would by no means be a misnomer to vessels of the size of the Concord and Bennington—with this exception, in our own particular case, we have not succeeded in thus far getting the fleet of battle ships—as their speed in an emergency and their ability to cover about 6,000 miles under economical steaming conditions render them extremely valuable for scouting purposes. Their other duties are to scour the seas, fight vessels of their own class destroy commerce, and, in fact, be to the navy what cavalry very often is to an army. These cruisers cannot beat off an enemy's fleet of ironclads sent to destroy our seaport towns, nor could they hope to successfully engage in battle with coast defense vessels.

As may readily be seen, their powers both as to offense and defense are limited, and no nation could depend solely on this type. In our navy, however, this class of vessel will always be more numerous than the ironclads. It is no easy matter to keep track of an enemy and his commerce while at sea, and many fleet footed vessels are required.



THE YORKTOWN.

The main batteries of these vessels are six 6-inch, breech loading rifles, and the guns are finished and ready to be put aboard when required. Very probably, were the vessels to be designed again, these guns would give way to others of lesser caliber and greater rapidity of fire. No stronger proof than this could be had of the rapid strides that are constantly being made in all matters that relate to the armament and machinery of war vessels.

Here we have hardly two years since the vessels were designed and their guns, although by no means antiquated, would have to yield to the march of events and be replaced by others of more modern design. Such matters are all the more surprising when we consider that the guns aboard of our wooden vessels were made over twenty-five years ago, and it was not until new cruisers were thought of that steps were taken to construct high powered artillery, as it is called.

The secondary battery, as the installation of rapid fire and machine guns is termed, consists of two 6-pounder, two 3-pounder and two 1-pounder rapid fire guns, four 37mm. revolving cannon and two Gatlings. Whether these rapid fire guns will all be of the Hotchkiss pattern or not has possibly not been determined. There is, however, very marked improvement in the matter of rapid fire artillery of the smaller calibers, and the Driggs-Schroeder system at present bids fair to supplant many of the older patterns. Torpedo tubes are to be fitted for firing ahead, astern and off each broadside, and some of the Howell torpedoes that are being made in this country by the Hotchkiss company will be given a trial.

The electric plant is very complete in all its details and embraces numerous improvements suggested by previous experiments, and it is fast growing to be a well recognized fact that the use of electricity means increased efficiency on board ship and greater health and comfort for officers and men. The equipment of the naval vessels with electric lighting plants and the excellent requirements enacted upon by the inspectors have made the study of marine dynamos and their necessary driving power of sufficient commercial importance to attract the attention of the American manufacturers to this separate field.

The result can be seen in the installations in these vessels, which have complete plants of engines and direct driven dynamos of the highest efficiency. As may be gathered from this and other similar descriptions, the modern warship represents the highest effort of mechanical skill and ingenuity, and has become a machine of the costliest production. High power guns, torpedoes, machinery of greatest power, improved methods of ventilation and lighting, all tend toward a much greater expense than was incurred twenty or thirty years ago.

The sentiment of the country seems decidedly in favor of building a fleet capable of efficiently aiding in the defense of our coasts and of maintaining our rights and interests abroad. Such a fleet must necessarily be composed of a variety of vessels, armored and unarmored, and can be created only at a considerable expense. Congress having already provided for these additional vessels of 2,000 tons has seemingly declared in favor of the swift cruisers, of which type the Concord and Bennington are excellent examples.

The Late J. A. Martin.

Ex-Governor John A. Martin, who died recently at his home in Atchison, Kan., was a thoroughly self made man, and one whose life was a striking illustration of recent American progress. Born in the east when the Indians held all west of the Missouri, he lived to govern a great commonwealth beyond that line, to win high honors in the greatest of modern wars, and to see the land on which he camped as an explorer become the site of a great city. He filled civil offices successively from legislator to governor, was colonel of a regiment at 22, brigadier general at 24, mayor of Atchison at 25, and a leader of thought at all times after attaining his majority. Yet at the age of 14 he was just beginning life as "devil" in a village printing office.

JOHN A. MARTIN.

John A. Martin was born in Brownsville, Fayette county, Pa., March 10, 1839, obtained a fair common school education, learned the printer's trade, worked at various places, and finally, in 1857, located at Atchison, Kan., which ever after remained his home. In 1859 he bought The Squatter Sovereign, of Atchison, and changed its name to Freedom's Champion. His success as speaker and writer was so phenomenal that he soon filled an important place in the Republican party, and was nominated for the legislature, but had to decline, as he still lacked a few weeks of being of age. At the age of 21 he was a delegate to the national convention which nominated Abraham Lincoln.

Oct. 27, 1861, he was made lieutenant colonel of the Eighth Kansas volunteers, Nov. 1, 1863, he became colonel, and on Sept. 19, 1863, for brilliant and conspicuous services, he was made brigadier general. After the war he held civil offices of successively increasing rank, and in 1884 was elected governor of Kansas by an immense majority. In 1886 he was re-elected by a still larger majority. June 1, 1871, he married Miss Ida Challis, and she and their seven children survive him.

HANDSOME STAINED GLASS.

Windows for the New Catholic University at Washington.

The new Roman Catholic university at Washington, D. C., which will be dedicated on the 13th of November by Archbishop Gibbons and other distinguished prelates, will contain a chapel for which

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST

some very beautiful stained glass windows have been executed by F. X. Zettler, of the Bavarian Art institute in Munich. The chapel is in the central portion of the university building. There are to be windows giving five groups illustrative of the Sermon on the Mount, the Resurrection, the Descent of the Holy Ghost, the Ascension, and Christ Giving the Keys of Heaven to St. Peter.

THE DESCENT OF THE HOLY GHOST.

Other windows will give single figures, viz. Our Lady of Lourdes, St. Peter, St. John the Baptist, St. Leo Magnus, St. Thomas Aquinas, St. Francis Xavier, St. Joseph, St. Paul, St. John the Evangelist, St. Francis de Sales and St. Vincent de Paul.

The windows representing the descent of the Holy Ghost and St. John the Evangelist have been on exhibition at New York.

Chocolate Cakes.

The whites of eight eggs, half a cake of chocolate grated, one pound of sugar, one ounce of flour. Beat the eggs to a stiff froth, add the sugar, then stir in the chocolate and flour. Butter flat tins, and drop the mixture thereon, not too closely, as the cakes will spread. Bake a few minutes in a quick oven.

To Polish Marble.

To restore the polish to marble a person of experience recommends to wash the marble with cold soap and water, then dry it with an old soft napkin, and when quite dry rub it steadily for an hour at least with white wax and a clean flannel rubber, the secret of success being in prolonged rubbing.

Feather trimming is once more in fashion—uncurled ostrich, three inches broad, in all colors, short ostrich, which is close and looks like fur, and marabouts—all are applied to dresses and cloaks.

Got Save the Commonwealth!

Election Proclamation.

PURSUANT TO AN ACT OF GENERAL Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled, "An Act relating to the elections in this Commonwealth," approved the 2d day of July, A. D. 1839, I, WM. B. CLARKE, Sheriff of the county of McKean, Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that a General Election will be held in the said county of McKean, on TUESDAY, the 5th day of NOVEMBER, 1889 for the purpose of electing the following officers hereinafter named:

One person for Treasurer of the State of Pennsylvania.

One person for Treasurer of the County of McKean.

One person for Surveyor for the County of McKean.

I also make known and give notice as in and by the 13th section of the aforesaid Act I am directed that every person excepting Judges of the Courts who hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States or this State, or any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the legislative, judiciary or executive departments of this State or the United States, or any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress, the State Legislature, and of the select and common council of any city, or commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of election in this Commonwealth and that no inspector, judge or any other officer of any such election, shall be eligible to any office then to be voted for.

Also that in Section 4 of the Act of Assembly entitled, "An Act relating to Elections and for other purposes," approved April 16, 1850, it is enacted that the aforesaid Section 18 shall not be construed as to prevent any military or borough officer for serving as judge, inspector or clerk of any general or special election in this Commonwealth.

By Act of Assembly of July 8, 1839, it is also made the duty of every mayor, sheriff, alderman, justice of the peace, constable of every city, county, township or district within this common wealth whenever called upon by any officer of an election, or by three qualified electors thereto, to clear any window or avenues to the window of the place of general election which shall be obstructed in such a way as to prevent voters from approaching the same, and it shall be the duty of every respective constable of such ward, district or township within this commonwealth to be present or by deputy at the place of holding elections in such ward, district or township for the purpose of preserving the peace as aforesaid.

Also, that in Section 1 of Act of Assembly entitled "An Act regulating the mode of voting at elections in the several counties of this commonwealth," approved March 30, 1866, it is enacted, That the qualified voters of the several counties of this commonwealth at all general, township, borough and special elections are hereby hereafter authorized and required to vote by tickets, printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of court voted for and to be labeled outside "judiciary," one ticket shall embrace the names of all state officers and shall be labeled "state," one ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers voted for (including office of senator, member and members of assembly and of congress, if voted for) and be labeled "county," one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for and be labeled "township," one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for and be labeled "borough," and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

I also here make known and give notice that the place of holding the aforesaid general election in the several townships, boroughs and wards within the county of McKean, are as follows, to-wit:

The township of Annin at the "River School House."

BRADFORD CITY

First Ward—First district—Pullman House, 16 Congress street.

First Ward—Second district—Mayor's office, corner of Congress and Corydon streets.

Second Ward—At the Universalist Church Corydon street.

Third Ward—Office of Brown & Norris, on west side of Mechanic street.

Fourth Ward—Williams & Kennedy's office, on Kennedy street, near saw mill.

Fifth Ward—Robert's tank shop on Main street, near bridge.

BRADFORD TOWNSHIP

District No. 1—At the Town Hall, Custer.

District No. 2—At the Clark School House, Kushequa.

KINDALL BOROUGH.

First district—At the Fuller House, corner of Main and Railroad streets.

Second district—At School House on Kennedy street.

The township of Ceres at the house of E. J. Barber.

The township of Corydon at the house of E. D. Tague, on Willow Creek.

The borough of Eldred at hose house, Edson street.

The township of Eldred at the Township House on the south side of King street or Bardon Brook road.

FOSTER TOWNSHIP

First District—At the building of Lansberry Brothers at Foster Brook.

Second district—At the Corwin store, Corwin Centre.

The township of Hamlin at the Public House of W. W. Brown.

HAMILTON TOWNSHIP.

First district—At the school house in Ludlow.

Second district—At public school house No. 1, Guilty.

KEATING TOWNSHIP.

First district—At the hotel of John H. Sowers in the village of East Smethport.

Second district—At the McCormick building in the village of Osceville, opposite and near to the Wilcox drug store.

Third district—At the hall of the Ancient Order of United Workmen at Davis City.

The borough of Kane at the brick school house corner Greeves and Edgar streets.

LAFAYETTE TOWNSHIP

First district—At the school house in Lafayette Corners.

Second district—At the village of Big Shanty, in the basement of the building known as the Maccabees' Hall, in this district.

The township of Liberty at the Moore school house in district No. 8 (in said township.

The borough of Fort Allegany at Garthwait's hall (east side).

The township of Norwich at the house of C. E. Burdick.

OTTO TOWNSHIP.

First district—In the building known as "Union Hall" in the village of Duke Centre in said township.

Second district—At new school building known as the "white school building," to-wit: Room No. 1, situated on the Raw City Road.

The township of Sergeant at the building known as lower Clermont school house.

The borough of Smethport in southeast corner of basement in the court house.

The township of Wetmore at the East Kane school house.

Polls to be open at 7 o'clock a. m., and to be closed at 7 o'clock p. m.

I also call your attention to the following section of the Election Law of Pennsylvania:

SECTION 13. As soon as the polls shall close the officers of election shall proceed to count all the votes cast for each candidate voted for and make a full return of the same in triplicate with return sheet in addition to all of which the votes received by each candidate shall be again in figures, and shall be signed by all or any officer refusing to sign or certify, or other officer refusing to sign or certify, or other of them. The vote, as soon as counted, shall also be publicly and fully declared from the window to the citizens present and a brief statement showing the vote received by each candidate shall be made and signed by the election officers as soon as the vote is counted and the same shall be immediately posted upon the door of the election house for the information of the public. The triplicate returns shall be enclosed in envelopes and be sealed in the presence of the officers and one envelope with the unsealed return sheet, given to the judge, which shall contain one list of voters, tally paper and oaths of officers and another of said envelopes shall be given to the minority inspector. All judges living within twelve miles of the prothonotary's office, or within twenty-four miles if their residence be in a town, village or city upon the line of a railroad leading to the county seat shall before two o'clock p. m. of the next day after the election and all other judges shall before twelve o'clock, noon, of the second day after election, deliver said returns, together with return sheets to the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county, which said return sheet shall be filed and the day and hour of filing marked thereon and shall be preserved by the prothonotary for public inspection.

Given under my hand this 8th day of October, A. D. 1889.

W. B. CLARKE, Sheriff.

Court Proclamation.

The Hon. A. G. OLMSTED President Judge of the court of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery, quarter sessions of the peace, orphans' and court of common pleas for the county of McKean, has issued his precept, bearing date Friday, May 31st, 1889, and to me directed, for holding a court of common pleas, at the borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 28th day of October, 1889 and to continue one week.

Dated at Smethport, Oct. 7th, 1889, and in the 114th year of the Ind. pendence of the United States of America.

W. B. CLARKE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., Oct. 8, 1889.

Application of Incorporation.

In the Court of Common Pleas for the County of McKean.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the said Court or a Law Judge thereof, on the 28th day of October, A. D. 1889 at 2 o'clock p. m. under the Incorporation act of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and the supplements thereto, by J. F. Johnson, Jno. H. Nelson, John Olmsted, Clarence Simpson and C. G. Wiberg, for a charter of an intended corporation to be called THE SWEDISH FREE CHRISTIAN MISSION UNION OF MT. JEWETT, the character and object of which is the support of public worship, and for those purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights benefits and privileges conferred by the said act and its supplements.

J. F. JOHNSON,
JNO. H. NELSON,
C. G. WIBERG.

October 7th, 1889.—3w.

Executor's and Trustee's Sale of Real Estate.

THE UNDERSIGNED, THE SURVIVING Executor and Trustee under the last will and testament of Adam Martin, late of Sergeant township, McKean county Pennsylvania, deceased, in pursuance of the power conferred upon said executor and trustee, by said will, and as therein provided, the same appearing of record in Liber B, page 280, &c., recorded November 23d, 1888, Register's office, McKean county, Pennsylvania.

I will expose at public auction sale on the premises at Clermont, Sergeant township, McKean county, on Monday, the 11th day of November, A. D., 1889, at 1 o'clock p. m., and sell to the highest and best bidder, the following described real estate, to-wit: A valuable farm situate at Clermont, Sergeant township, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, it being all that certain piece or parcel of land, beginning at a post for a corner standing in the centre of the east and, west road that runs across the Clermont farm and in the west line of said farm; thence south on said west line one hundred and thirty-nine and five-tenths (139.5) rods to a post corner; thence west two hundred and forty (240) rods to a post corner; thence north one hundred and thirty-nine and five-tenths (139.5) rods to a post corner; thence east two hundred and thirty (230) rods to the place of beginning containing two hundred acres of land, being parts of lots Nos. 74, 75, 80 and 81, and being the same premises conveyed to the late Adam Martin by John J. Ridgway et al. by deed bearing date January 19, 1885, recorded in deed book H, page 394, McKean county records, reference being thereunto had will appear.

The sale to be subject to the right of way to lay and pipe for the transportation of gas over and through said lands as conveyed by Adam Martin to T. M. Towl by deed bearing date October 15, 1883 recorded December 4, 1883, deed book vol 23, page 88, McKean county records, also subject to right of way granted Theodore M. Towl, his heirs and assigns, dated July 1, 1889, to lay, maintain and operate pipes for the transportation of oil also a telegraph line, if the same be found necessary, over and through said lands.

The improvements are one two-story frame dwelling house with wing additions, one frame barn 100 house, about 150 apple trees, five plum trees, one well, also several good springs of living water, about 150 acres cleared land and balance lightly timbered.

Terms of sale, cash on delivery of the deed.

PETER MARTIN,
Surviving Executor and Trustee under the will of Adam Martin, deceased.

October 7, 1889 —6t.

Trial List.

For Fourth Monday of October, A. D. 1889.

1. John Kinney by his next friend, John Hyden, vs Thomas Keeler. No. 264, May term, 1882. Appeal. Labor claim. Plea—Non-Assumpsit.

2. Joseph M. Tait and Philo Ackley vs C. M. Colwell, E. E. Hoyt and A. C. Taylor, William Porter and Austin Merrick, J. B. Jennings and John Shearley. No. 209, February Term, 1878. Ejectment. Plea—Not Guilty.

4. Mrs. M. A. Harm, now for use of S. G. Sike, vs H. R. Huff and J. A. Egg, partners doing business as Huff Bros. & Co., and H. A. Dempsey, assignee. No 283, May term, 1883. Assumpsit. Plea—Non-Assumpsit, set off payment with notice of special matter to be set forth at large hereafter.

4. Patrick Larkins vs Nelson Hooker. No. 206, October term, 1884. Appeal. Plea—Nil Debit.

5. C. L. Clark, for use of L. C. Lohman, vs H. T. Lane. No. 226, February term, 1886. Debt. Plea—Non-Assumpsit, set off and payment with leave to give special matter in evidence, &c.

6. The McKean and Elk Land and Improvement Company vs Elizabeth D. Kane, sole devisee of Thomas L. Kane, deceased, Harry G. Clay and William Hacker. No. 232, February term, 1887. Ejectment. Plea—Not Guilty.

7. The McKean and Elk Land and Improvement Company vs Harry G. Clay No. 233, February term, 1887. Ejectment. Plea—Not Guilty.

8. W. F. Sinclair vs S. M. Jordan. No. 6, May term, 1887. Appeal. Plea—Nil Debit.

9. J. W. Beacom vs Stephen Hope, L. R. Foster and Leon Foster. No. 274, May term 1887. Replevin. Plea—Non cepit and property.

10. J. C. Mead and Harriet P. Mead, his wife; right of wife, vs Jamba Webster and Julia Smith, Defendants, Harrison Holmes and Mary A. Holmes, his wife, Garnishees. No. 288, December term, 1887. Foreign Attachment in Assumpsit. Plea—Non-Assumpsit, set off payment with leave, &c.

11. Thomas McDermott vs. T. C. Platt, Receiver of B. R. & C. R. R. No. 6, May term, 1888. Appeal. Plea—Non-Assumpsit.

12. Patrick Cull vs T. C. Platt, Receiver of B. R. & C. R. Co. No. 7, May term, 1888. Appeal. Plea—Non-Assumpsit.

13. Maria Dexter and E. C. Dexter, Administrators of Keziah K. Dexter, deceased, vs C. L. Ballows, Administrator of the estate of Riley S. Dexter, deceased, and C. I. Medbery, A. H. Medbery, A. A. Bridge and Maria Bridge. No. 248, May term, 1888. Assumpsit. Plea—Non-Assumpsit, payment and set off.

14. A. M. Benton vs. C. A. Hazen. No. 142, October term, 1888. Trespass. Plea—Not Guilty.

15. The First National Bank of Franklinville N. Y., vs Isaac Silke. No. 167, December term, 1888. Assumpsit. Plea—Non-Assumpsit, payment set off with leave, &c.

16. John A. Turner and Robert Bishop vs The Bradford, Bordell and Kinzua Railroad Company. No. 200, December term, 1888. Trespass. Plea—Not Guilty.

17. George P. Washburn vs Dwelling House Insurance Company by their agent, George H. Stuart. No. 231, December term, 1888. Appeal. Plea—Non-Assumpsit.

18. George Beers vs Frank Starkweather. No. 18, February term, 1889. Appeal. Plea—Non-Assumpsit.

19. E. O. Durfee and O. M. Johnson vs Charles W. Selden. No. 19, February term, 1889. Appeal. Plea—Non-Assumpsit.

20. F. H. Bailey vs E. M. Waugh and George Porter as firm of Waugh & Porter. No. 146, February term, 1889. Appeal. Plea—Non-Assumpsit.

21. Mary J. McClure vs. W. E. Palmer, Constable of Fort Allegany Borough. No. 218, February term, 1889. Appeal. Plea—Not Guilty.

22. Charles Taylor vs Western New York and Pennsylvania R. R. Co. No. 186, May term, 1889. Appeal. Plea—Not Guilty.

23. Smith Bro's & Co. vs John Cochran. No 47, October term, 1889. Appeal. Plea—Non-Assumpsit.

JAMES McNULTY
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EAST MAIN STREET,
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A fine lot of samples kept constantly on hand. Mr. McNulty's reputation as a superior cutter and artist is well established. Good suits for $4 and $5 dollars and job work promptly attended to. Give him a call.

Smethport, April 15, 1889.—tf

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Direct lines between the Bradford and Elk county, Clarion and Bakerstown oil fields.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT AUG 26, 1889

WESTWARD.				EASTWARD.		
p.m.	a.m.	a.m.	STATIONS	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
6 55	11 30	8 05	ar. Bradford Jr.	7 50	2 10	6 45
6 50	11 25	8 00	Kinzua Jct	8 00	2 20	6 55
6 37	11 06	7 37	New City	8 24	2 40	7 20
6 30	10 57	7 30	Mirdord	8 30	2 50	7 30
6 20	10 47	7 20	Duke Centre	8 40	3 00	7 40
6 04	10 15	7 05	Eldred	9 00	3 20	7 55
			B. R. & C. R. R.			
5 30	9 25		Ceres	10 05	4 25	
5 15	9 10		Little Genesee	10 20	4 40	
5 05	9 00		Lv. Bolivar Ar	11 00	4 45	
4 55	8 50		Allentown	11 15	5 35	
2 05	8 00		lv Wellsville ar	12 05	5 25	
p.m.	a.m.	a.m.		a.m	p.m.	p.m.
P M	P.M	A.M		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
6 55	2 13	9 05	ar. Bradford lv	10 15	8 30	1 45
6 30	1 50	8 50	Kinzua Jct's	10 15	8 30	1 45
6 14	1 38	8 22	Allen	11 32	8 47	2 03
6 09	1 27	8 17	Davis	11 37	8 52	2 08
6 05	1 20	8 10	Simpson	11 23	9 00	2 20
5 55	1 10	8 00	Ormsby	10 43	9 10	2 30
5 25	12 45	7 25	Smethport	12 05	9 35	2 55
5 00	12 30	7 10	Mt. Jewett	1 00	9 50	3 10
4 50	12 05	6 50	Kane	1 30	10 05	3 30
p.m.			P & W R. R.	a.m.		
		2 35	Carlson	11 30		
			Chaffee			
		2 50	Sheffield Junc.	12 05		
		3 17	Clarion	12 37		
		3 35	Foxburg	1 05		
		4 10	Parker	1 34		
		4 30	Petrolia	1 50		
		5 05	Millerstown	2 30		
		5 15	Butler	2 50		
		5 50	Calery Junc	3 20		
		6 10	Bakerstown	3 40		
		7 10	Allegheny	4 50		
		a.m.		p.m.		

JNO. C. MCKENNA
Superintendent.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE. In effect Nov. 18 1888.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION EASTWARD.

8.35, a. m.—Day Express, daily except Sunday, for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 4.25 p. m., New York 7.35 p. m., Baltimore 6.45 p. m., Washington 8.00 p. m. Pullman Parlor car through from Williamsport to Philadelphia.

9.15 p. m.—Erie Mail daily for Sunbury Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 6.25 a. m., New York 9.35 a. m., Baltimore 8.45 a. m., Washington 9.00 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train from Erie to Philadelphia and from Williamsport to Philadelphia. Baltimore and Washington and through passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and from Williamsport to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

10.20 a. m.—Erie Mail daily for Erie and intermediate stations with through Pullman Palace car and through passenger coaches to Erie.

4.30 p. m.—Niagara Express, daily except Sunday for Kane and intermediate stations with through passenger coaches to Kane.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR EMPORIUM JUNCTION FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia 7.40 a. m. Baltimore 7.30 a. m., daily except Sunday, arriving at Emporium Junction 6.20 p. m. with through Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport.

Erie Mail leaves New York 9.00 p. m. Philadelphia 11.50 p. m., Washington 10.00 p. m. Baltimore 11.50 p. m., daily arriving at Emporium Junc. 10.30 a. m., with through Pullman Palace, sleeping cars from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie.

CHAS. E. PUGH, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY Railroad Time Table, taking effect Monday, June 30, 1887

AR. EASTWD.		STATIONS.	LV WESTWD
P.M.	P.M.		A.M. P.M.
5 45	1.25	Coudersport	8.00 5.35
5 37	1.17	Hammonds	8.08 5.43
5.24	1.10	Fish Basket	8.20 5.51
5.08	1.14	Olmsted	8.35 1.18
5.16	1.05	Nelson	8.18 1.1
5.11	1.05	Knowlton	8.13 1.1
5.03	12.57	Roulette	8.25 5.33
4.57	12.50	Roulette	8.36 5.38
4.52	12.45	Pomeroy Bridge	8.36 5.38
4.45	12.38	Bartville	8.46 5.1
7 45	12.25	Costello	9 00 5.54
7 32	12.14		9.25 5.6
7 27	12.10	Port Allegany	

Trains run on eastern standard time.

E. A. McCLURE, Sup't.

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